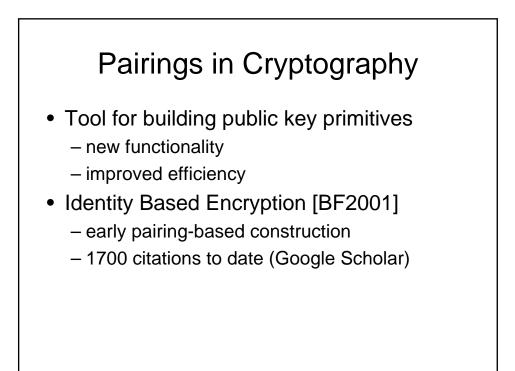
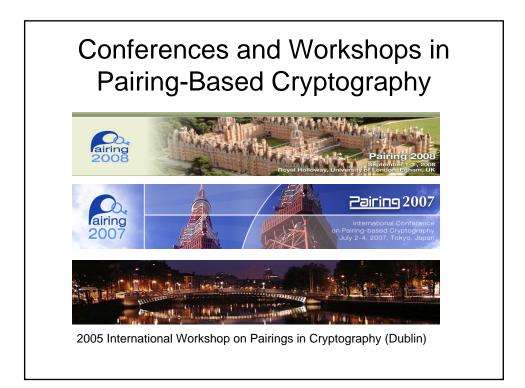
# An Introduction to Identity Based Encryption

Matt Franklin U. C. Davis NIST Workshop, 3-4 June 2008



### Pairings: Extra Structure on Elliptic Curves

- A. Weil 1946: Pairings defined
- Miller 1984: Algorithm for computing
- MOV 1993: Attack certain elliptic curve crypto
- 2000-today: Lots of crypto applications
  - Joux 2000, Sakai-Ohgishi-Kasahara 2000

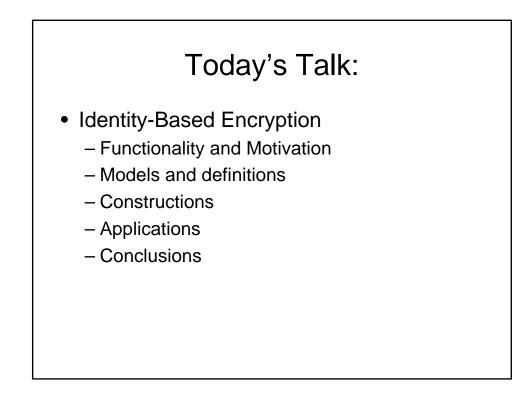


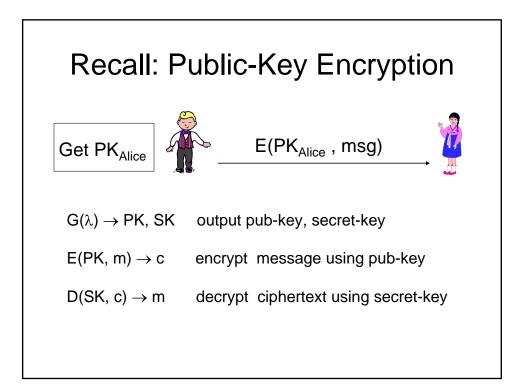
## Commercial Interest in Identity Based Encryption

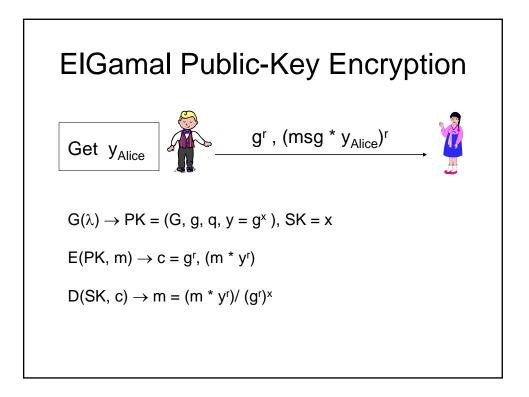
- Mitsubishi, Noretech, Trend Micro, Voltage
- IBE in Smartcards
  - HP/ST Microelectronics, Gemplus
- IBE in email implementations
  - Network Solutions, Microsoft, Proofpoint, Code Green Networks, NTT, Canon, ...

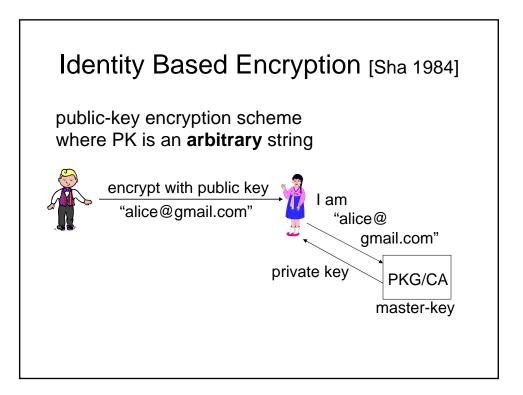
### Standards Interest in Identity Based Encryption

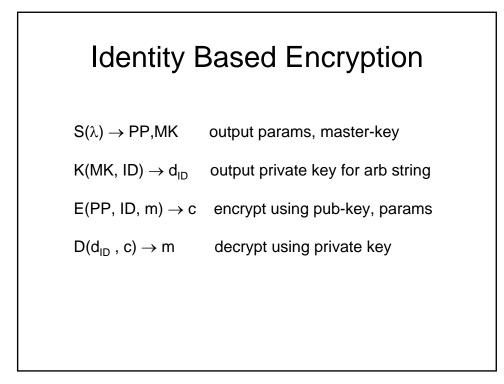
- IEEE 1363.3 working group: "Identity-Based Cryptographic Methods using Pairings"
- IETF S/MIME working group

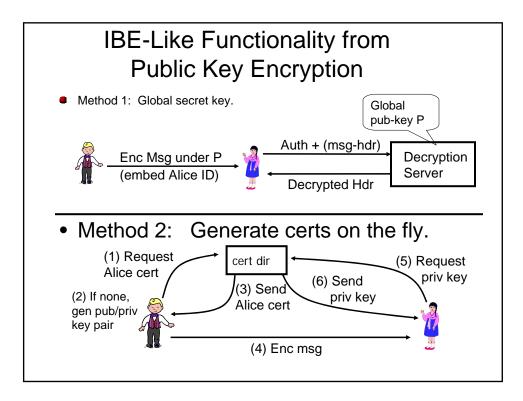


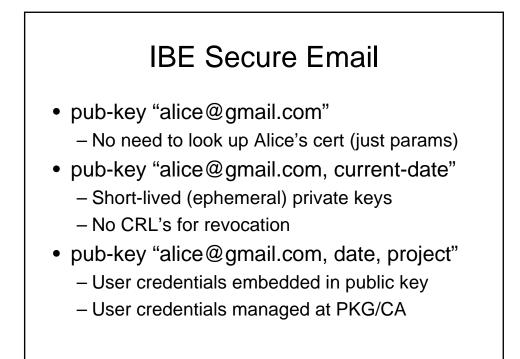


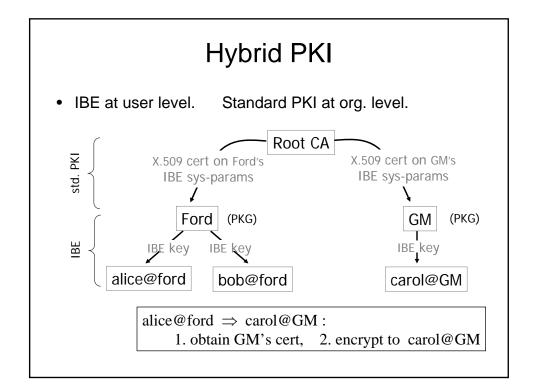


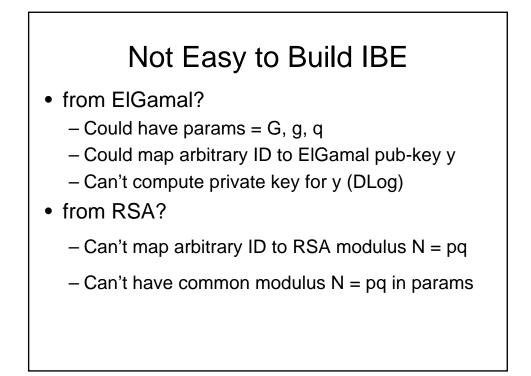


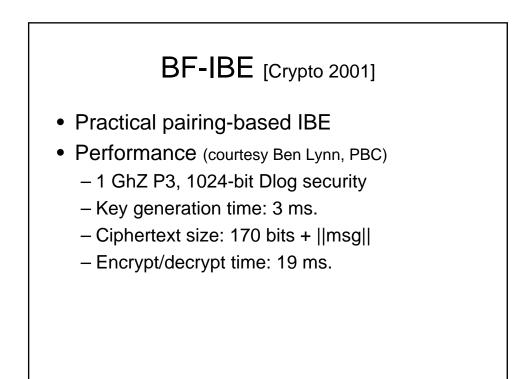


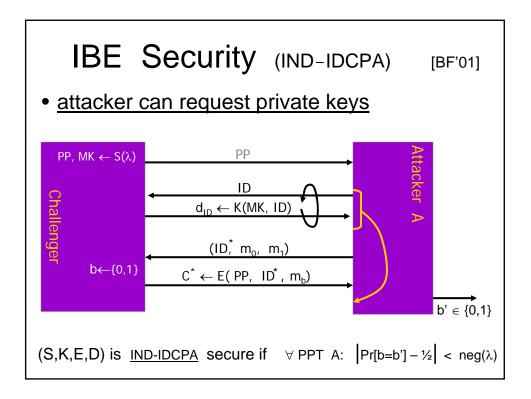


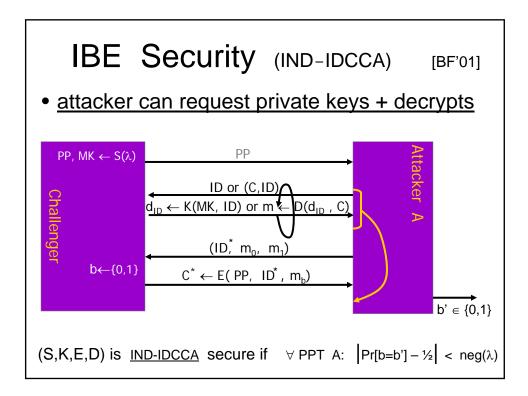


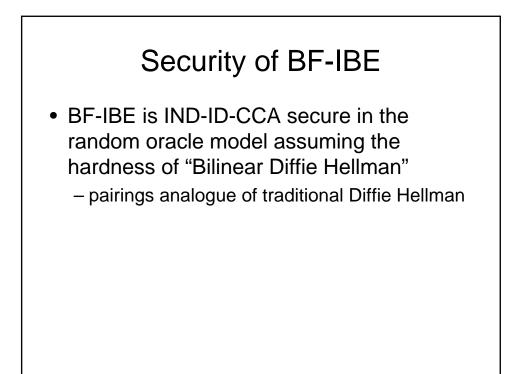


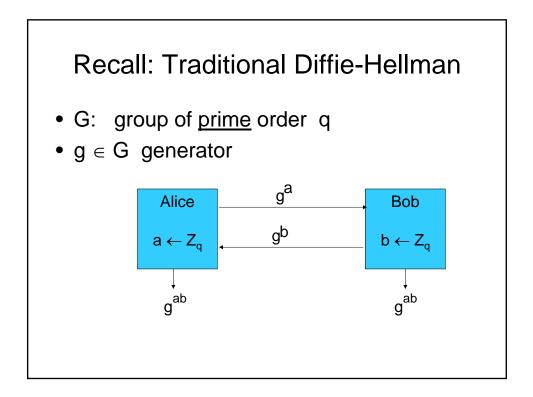


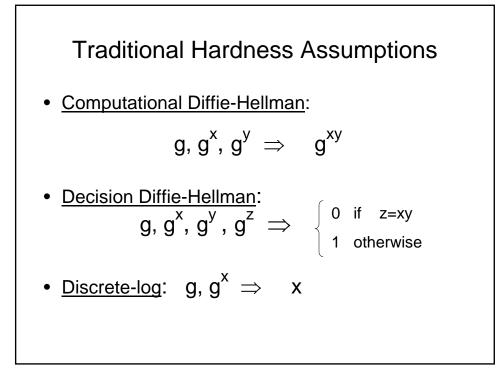


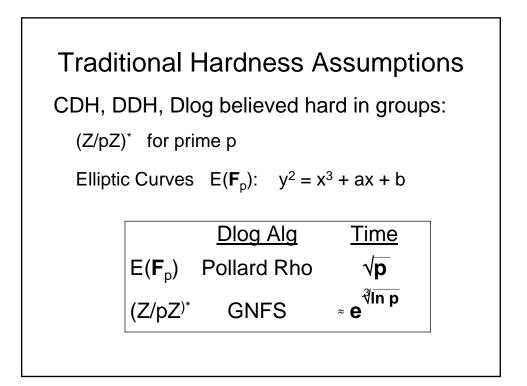


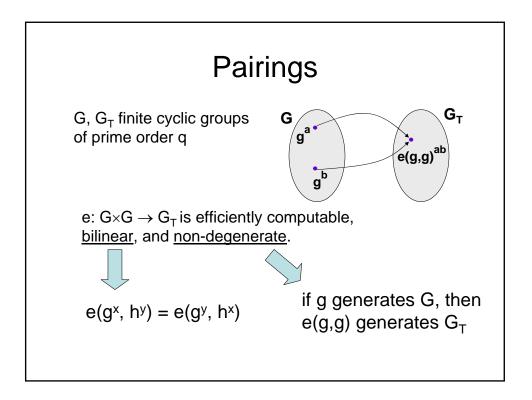


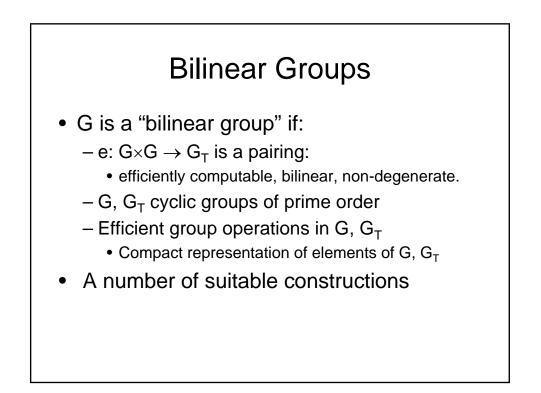


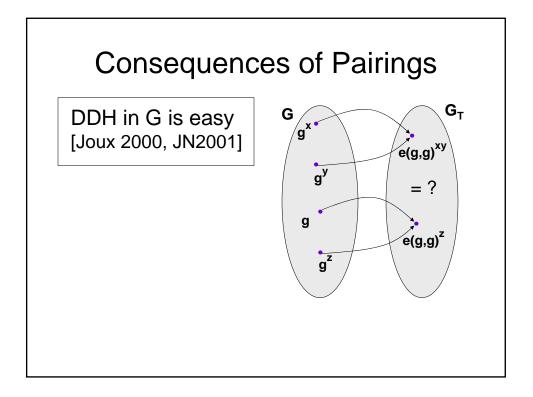


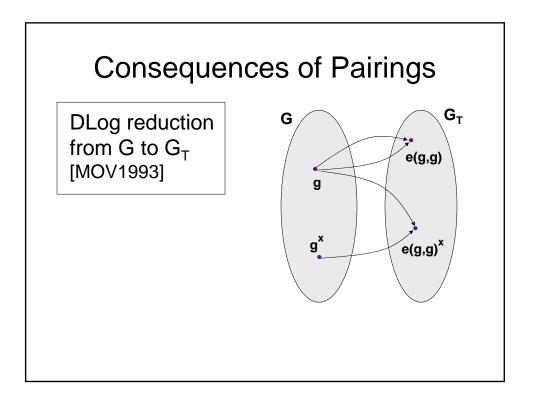


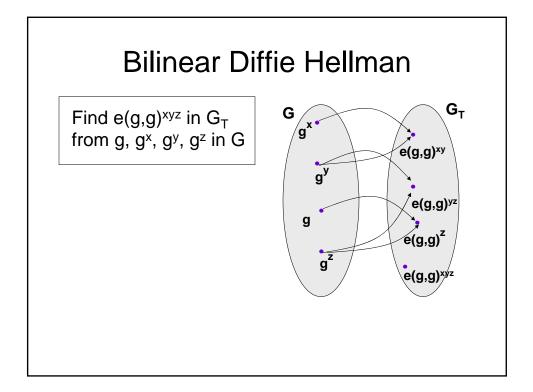




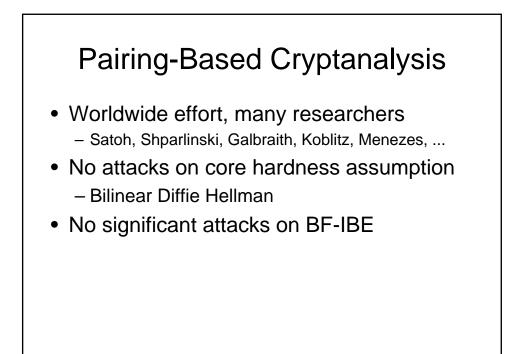


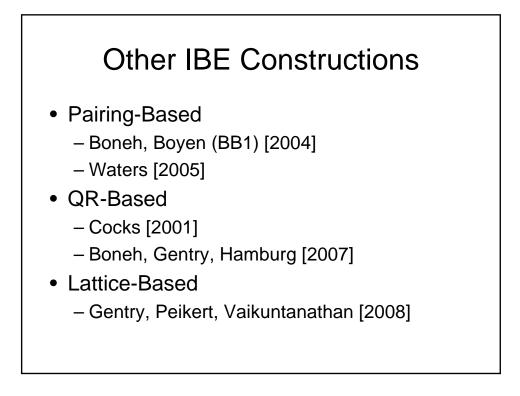


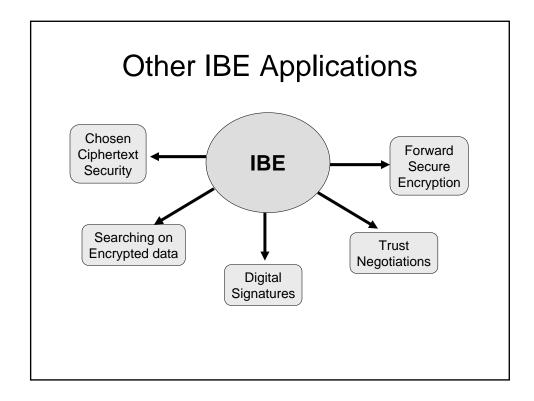


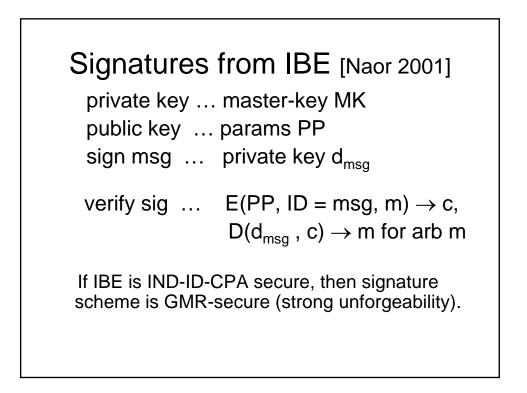


# $$\begin{split} & \mathsf{BF}\text{-}\mathsf{IBE}\ \mathsf{Details}\ [\mathsf{P1363.3\ draft]}\\ & \mathsf{S}(\lambda) \to \mathsf{PP} = (\mathsf{G}, \mathsf{G}_\mathsf{T}, \mathsf{e}, \mathsf{g}, \mathsf{g}^{\omega}), \text{ and}\\ & \mathsf{MK} = \omega \ random \ in \ \mathsf{Z}_\mathsf{q}.\\ & \mathsf{H}_1^{\,:} \{0,1\}^* \to \mathsf{G}, \ \mathsf{H}_2^{\,:} \,\mathsf{G}_\mathsf{T} \to \{0,1\}^{|\mathsf{m}|},\\ & \mathsf{H}_3^{\,:} \{0,1\}^{|\mathsf{m}|} \times \{0,1\}^{|\mathsf{m}|} \to \mathsf{Z}_\mathsf{q}, \ \mathsf{H}_4^{\,:} \{0,1\}^{|\mathsf{m}|} \to \{0,1\}^{|\mathsf{m}|},\\ & \mathsf{K}(\mathsf{MK},\mathsf{ID}) \to \mathsf{d}_{\mathsf{ID}} = \mathsf{H}_1(\mathsf{ID})^{\omega}\\ & \mathsf{E}(\mathsf{PP},\mathsf{ID},\mathsf{m}) \to \mathsf{c} = (\mathsf{g}^\mathsf{r},\mathsf{s} \oplus \mathsf{H}_2(\mathsf{e}(\mathsf{H}_1(\mathsf{ID}),\mathsf{g}^{\omega})^\mathsf{r}), \ \mathsf{m} \oplus \mathsf{H}_4(\mathsf{s}))\\ & \mathsf{for}\ \mathsf{r} = \mathsf{H}_3(\mathsf{s},\mathsf{m}), \ \mathsf{s}\ \mathsf{random}\ in\ \{0,1\}^{|\mathsf{m}|}.\\ & \mathsf{D}(\mathsf{d}_{\mathsf{ID}},(\mathsf{u},\mathsf{v},\mathsf{w})) \to \mathsf{m} = \mathsf{w} \oplus \mathsf{H}_4(\mathsf{v} \oplus \mathsf{H}_2(\mathsf{e}(\mathsf{u},\mathsf{d}_{\mathsf{ID}}))), \ \mathsf{but}\\ & \mathsf{reject}\ \mathsf{unless}\ \mathsf{g}^\mathsf{r} = \mathsf{u},\ \mathsf{for}\ \mathsf{r} = \mathsf{H}_3(\mathsf{v} \oplus \mathsf{H}_2(\mathsf{e}(\mathsf{u},\mathsf{d}_{\mathsf{ID}}))), \ \mathsf{m} \end{split}$$









### Simple Bilinear Signatures [BLS 2001]

Hash H:  $\{0,1\}^* \rightarrow G, g \in G, |G|=q$ <u>KeyGen(</u> $\lambda$ ):  $\alpha \leftarrow Z_q, y \leftarrow g^{\alpha}$ <u>Sign( $\alpha$ , m) = H(m)^{\alpha}</u> <u>Verify(y,m,sig)</u>: e(sig, g) = ? e(H(m), y) $e(H(m)^{\alpha}, g) e(H(m), g^{\alpha})$ 

