

Cryptographic Technology

The screenshot shows the NIST website's Computer Security Division (CSD) Computer Security Resource Center (CSRC). The page title is "CRYPTOGRAPHIC TOOLKIT". The left sidebar lists various cryptographic topics: Block Ciphers, Block Cipher Modes, Digital Signatures, Entity Authentication, Implementation Guideline, Key Derivation Functions, Key Management, Message Authentication, Password Usage and Generation, Random Number Generation, Secure Hashing, and Algorithm Examples. The main content area explains that the toolkit is developed by the Security Technology Group (STG) and includes standards and guidance for protecting data and operations. A note states that the toolkit is not actual software implementations. The page footer includes the NIST logo, contact information, and a last updated date of June 17, 2009.

CRYPTOGRAPHIC TOOLKIT

The Computer Security Division's (CSD) Security Technology Group (STG) is involved in the development, maintenance, and promotion of a number of standards and guidance that cover a wide range of cryptographic technology. As it develops new standards, recommendations, and guidance, STG is aiming to develop a comprehensive **Cryptographic Toolkit** that will enable U.S. Government agencies and others to select cryptographic security components and functionality for protecting their data, communications, and operations. The toolkit currently includes a wide variety of cryptographic algorithms and techniques, and more will be added in the future.

*Note: The **Cryptographic Toolkit** is a collection of standards and guidance - not actual software implementations of the algorithms.*

For information on NIST's "umbrella" crypto standard, **FIPS 140-2, Security Requirements for Cryptographic Modules**, please visit the [Cryptographic Module Validation Program's \(CMVP\)](#) home page.

NIST CryptoToolkit Webmaster, [Disclaimer Notice](#) & [Privacy Policy](#)
NIST is an Agency of the [U.S. Department of Commerce](#)

Last updated: June 17, 2009
Page created: December 21, 2000

<http://csrc.nist.gov/CryptoToolkit>

The screenshot shows the NIST website's Computer Security Division (CSD) Computer Security Resource Center (CSRC) page for the "CRYPTOGRAPHIC HASH ALGORITHM COMPETITION". The left sidebar lists items related to the competition: Cryptographic Hash Project, Cryptographic Hash Algorithm Competition, Timeline for Hash Algorithm Competition, Federal Register Notices, Submission Requirements, Round 1, NEW! Round 2, Hash Forum, Contacts, and Other Links. The main content area explains that NIST has opened a public competition to develop a new cryptographic hash algorithm, which will be called "SHA-3" and will augment the hash algorithms currently specified in FIPS 180-2, Secure Hash Standard. Entries for the competition must be received by October 31, 2008. The page footer includes the NIST logo, contact information, and a last updated date of July 21, 2009.

CRYPTOGRAPHIC HASH ALGORITHM COMPETITION

NIST has opened a public competition to develop a new cryptographic hash algorithm, which converts a variable length message into a short "message digest" that can be used for digital signatures, message authentication and other applications. The competition is NIST's response to recent advances in the cryptanalysis of hash functions. The new hash algorithm will be called "SHA-3" and will augment the hash algorithms currently specified in FIPS 180-2, Secure Hash Standard. Entries for the competition must be received by **October 31, 2008**. The competition is announced in the [Federal Register Notice published on November 2, 2007](#); further details of the competition will be available at the specific sites indicated in the menu on the left.

NIST Hash Project Webmaster, [Disclaimer Notice](#) & [Privacy Policy](#)
NIST is an Agency of the [U.S. Department of Commerce](#)

Last updated: July 21, 2009
Page created: April 15, 2005

<http://www.nist.gov/hash-function>

Selected Publications

- Block Ciphers
 - FIPS 197, Advanced Encryption Standard (AES)
 - Special Publication 800-67, Recommendation for the Triple Data Encryption Algorithm (TDEA) Block Cipher
- Block Cipher Modes of Operation
 - Special Publication 800-38A-D, Specifies Five Confidentiality Modes (ECB, CBC, CFB, OFB, and Counter), CMAC Mode for Authentication, CCM Mode for Authentication and Confidentiality, and GCM and GMAC Modes
- Digital Signatures
 - FIPS 186-3, Digital Signature Standard (DSS) – including DSA, ECDSA, and RSA
 - Special Publication 800-102, Recommendation for Digital Signature Timeliness
 - Special Publication 800-106, Randomized Hashing for Digital Signatures
- Entity Authentication
 - FIPS 196 – Entity Authentication Using Public Key Cryptography
- Implementation Guideline
 - Special Publication 800-21-1, Second Edition, Guideline for Implementing Cryptography in the Federal Government
- Key Derivation Functions
 - Special Publication 800-108, Recommendation for Key Derivation Using Pseudorandom Functions
- Key Management
 - Special Publication 800-57 Parts 1-3, Recommendation for Key Management – Part 1: General; Part 2: Best Practices for Key Management Organizations; and Part 3: Application-Specific Key Management Guidance
 - Special Publication 800-56A, Recommendation for Pair-Wise Key Establishment Schemes Using Discrete Logarithm Cryptography
 - Special Publication 800-56B, Recommendation for Pair-Wise Key Establishment Schemes Using Integer Factorization Cryptography
- Message Authentication
 - FIPS 198-1, The Keyed-Hash Message Authentication Code (HMAC)
- Random Number Generation
 - Special Publication 800-90, Recommendation for Random Number Generation Using Deterministic Random Bit Generators (Revised)
- Secure Hashing
 - FIPS 180-3, Secure Hash Standard
 - Special Publication 800-107, Recommendation for Using Approved Hash Algorithms

Additional Information: <http://csrc.nist.gov>