



Secure and Trustworthy Cyberspace (SaTC)



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Secure and Trustworthy Cyberspace Program (SaTC)

*A cross-directorate program to address cybersecurity from one or more of
three perspectives:*

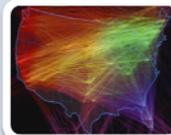
- Trustworthy Computing Systems*
- Social, Behavioral and Economics*
- Transition to Practice*



Directorate for
Computer &
Information Science
& Engineering (CISE)



Directorate for
Social, Behavioral &
Economic Sciences
(SBE)



Office of Cyber-
infrastructure (OCI)



Directorate for
Mathematical &
Physical Sciences
(MPS)

SaTC Perspectives

Research Opportunities

Trustworthy Computing Systems

- Perspective aims to provide scientific basis for designing, building and operating cyber-infrastructure with improved resilience and resistance
- Support for both theoretical and experimental approaches
- Investigation of tradeoff among trustworthy properties

Social, Behavioral & Economic

- Perspective includes research at individual, group, organizational, market and societal levels, identifying risks and exploring solution feasibility
- Understanding attack or defense behaviors to develop more effective strategies and solutions
- Cyber economic incentives including metrics and models

Transition to Practice

- Perspective addresses the challenge of moving from research to practice
- Focus on later stages of R&D activities including evaluation and experimental deployment
- Software required to be released under open software license

SaTC: Program Scope and Principles

Cast a wide net and let the best ideas surface, rather than pursuing a prescriptive research agenda

Engage the research community in developing new fundamental ideas and concepts

Promote a healthy connection between academia and a broad spectrum of public and private stakeholders to enable transition of innovative and transformative results

SaTC Programmatic Goals

Frontier Projects

- Earlier CISE programs had funded four center-scale awards with the goal of promoting synergy among academic, industrial and other partners:
ACCURATE, CCIED, TCIP, SAFE
- In subsequent years, we created a large category to fund smaller in-depth/multidisciplinary efforts.
- Now that the original center-scale efforts are ending/transitioning, we wish to fund new efforts

SaTC: Research Principles Where are the gaps?

1. We need to aim at understanding *underlying cybersecurity deficiencies*:
 - It is important to focus on *root causes* rather than just treating the symptoms
 - Identifying these fundamental causes may require an iterative approach, taking theory and prototypes to practice (e.g., cybersecurity in cyber-physical systems)
 - Can also be the basis of curiosity driven research (e.g., return oriented programming)

SaTC: Research Principles

2. Cybersecurity is a *multi-dimensional problem*, involving both the strength of security technologies and variability of human behavior
 - We need the expertise and resources from a wide range of disciplines: computer scientists, engineers, economists, mathematicians, behavioral scientists, ...
 - This will take work: collaboration across mature fields requires effort (e.g., “*trust*” from a social science perspective versus “*trustworthy*” from a computer science perspective)

SaTC: Research Principles

3. We need *enduring cybersecurity principles* that will allow us to stay secure despite changes in technology and threat environment: a *science of security*
 - Organize disparate areas of knowledge
 - Enable discovery of universal laws
 - Apply the rigors of the scientific method
 - Enhance capabilities to design, develop and evolve high assurance software and systems

SaTC: Research Principles

4. “Right Science at the Right Scale”
 - Cast a wide net to encourage more speculative research
 - Portfolio mix: small, medium and frontier projects
 - Multiple perspectives, including transition to practice