

Risk Metrics: A Practical Approach to Implementation

NIST Federal Computer Security Managers Forum

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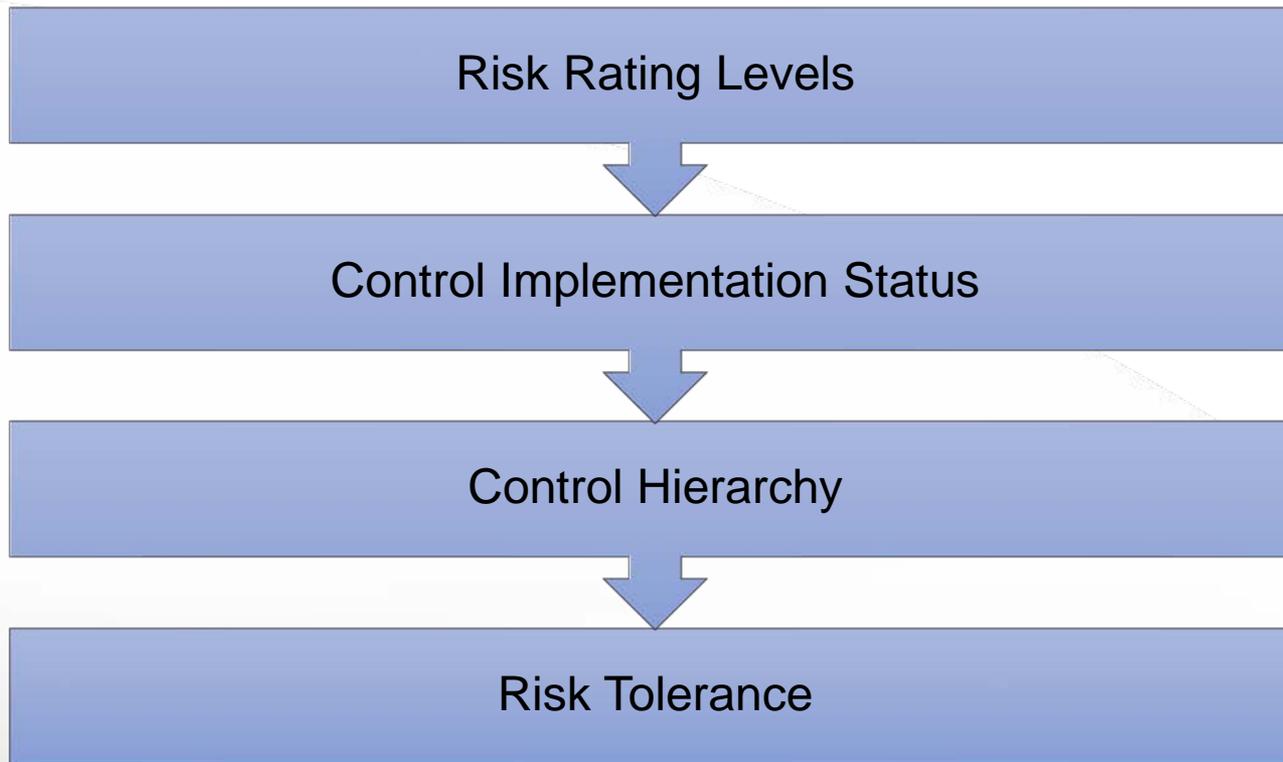
February 28, 2019



- Risk Metrics Strategy
- Calculation of Risk Metrics & Reporting
- Recent Enhancement: Tailored Risk Tolerance
- Questions

Risk Metrics Strategy

The Office of Benefits Administration (OBA) Department uses four key factors to establish risk metrics and measurements strategy.



Risk Metrics Strategy

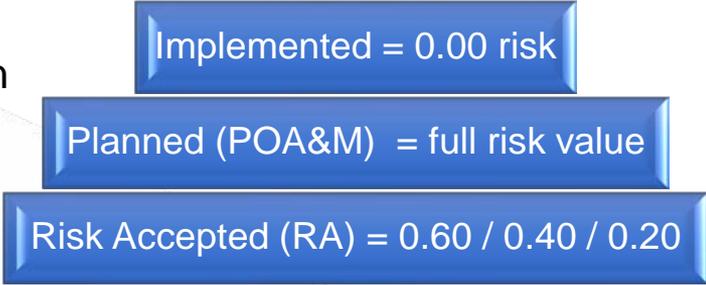
Risk Rating Levels

- 1. Risk ratings are defined by using three levels (High / Moderate / Low) that were assigned a numerical risk value.



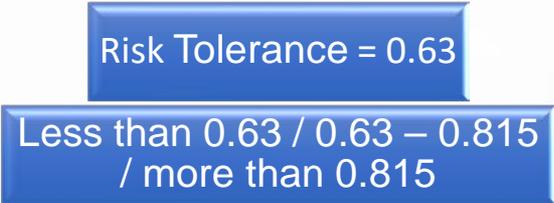
Control Implementation Status

- 2. The risk rating for a control also includes consideration for the effectiveness of the control (Implemented / Planned / Risk Accepted).



System Control Hierarchy

- 3. Overlays are used so the full effect of the control risk can be applied within the context of the overall system.

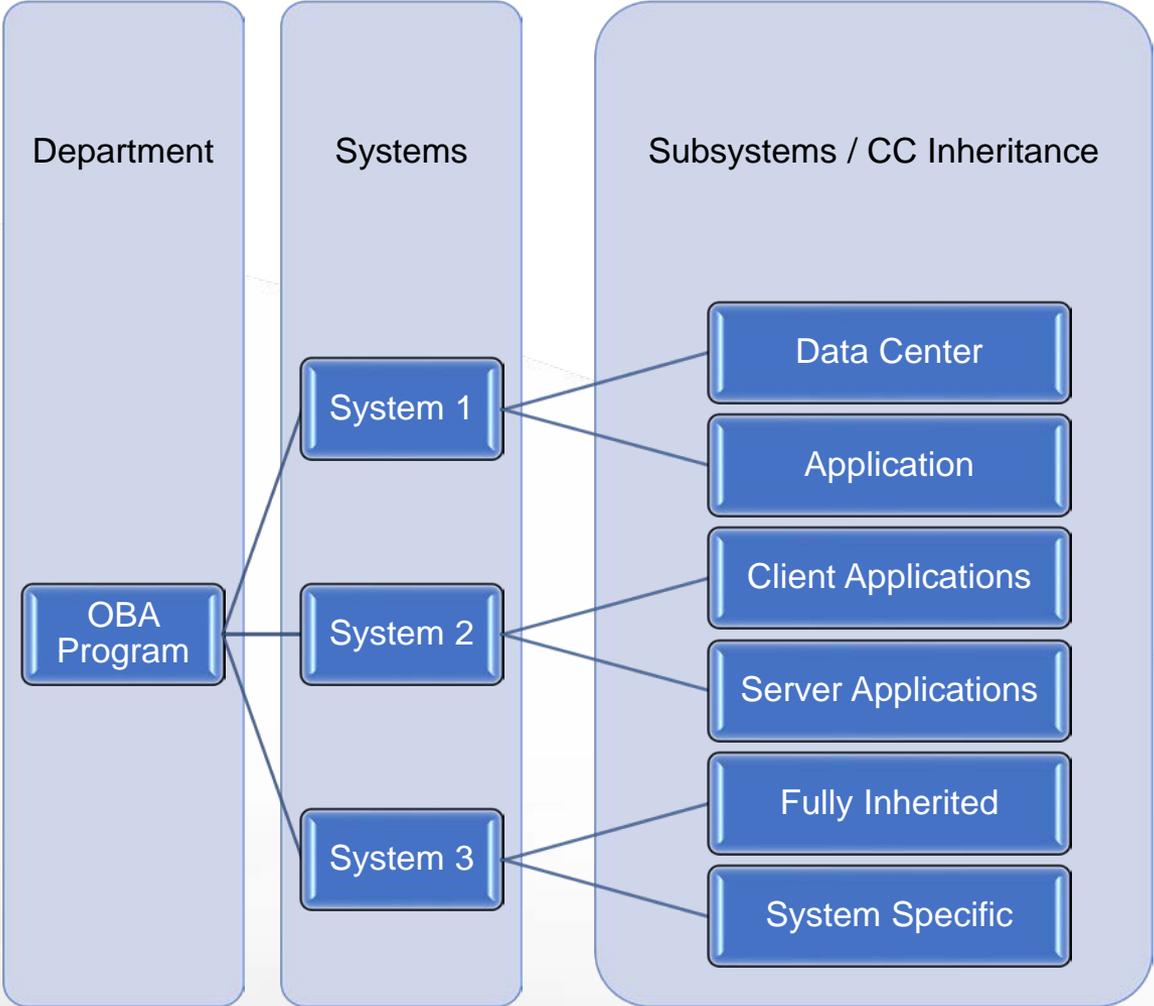


Risk Tolerance

- 4. The system's overall risk tolerance was established to then show statistically the overall health for each system.

Risk Metrics Strategy

System Control Hierarchy



Calculation of Risk Metrics

The system's **risk level** is calculated using an additive type formula that takes into consideration each control's: risk rating; implementation status & value; and hierarchical placement in the system's overlay.

Then the system's **adjusted risk level** is calculated by taking the overall system's risk level and adjusting (dividing) it by the risk tolerance (0.63).



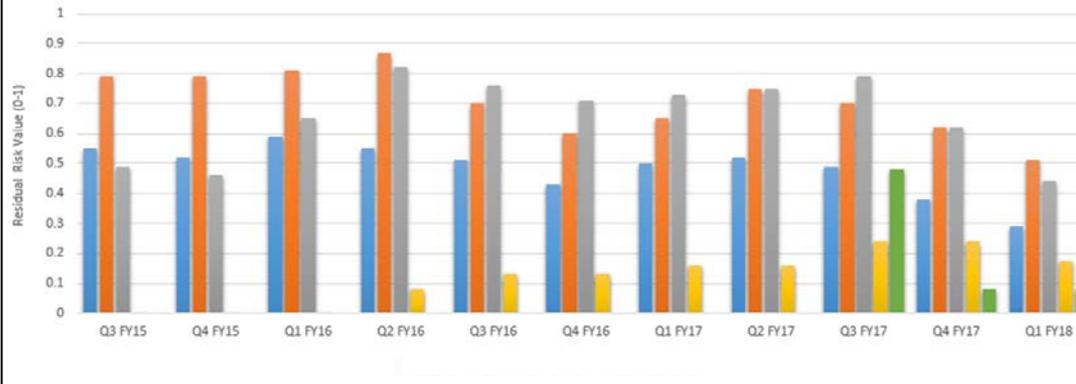
The adjusted risk level is visually displayed in a dial to the risk tolerance baseline (0.63)

- Within 0.63 tolerance = green (adjusted risk less than 0.63)
- Close to 0.63 tolerance = yellow (adjusted risk between 0.63 – 0.815)
- Outside of 0.63 tolerance = red (adjusted risk more than 0.815)

Risk Reporting

- Detailed comprehensive reports are prepared quarterly to capture the statistics, analysis, impact, and trending of the various systems risks.
- From these analyses, the team presents a variety of visual diagrams representing the risk metrics and measures at different levels to management on an on-going basis.

OBA Risk Trending Q3 2015-Q1 2018



Overall Adjusted Risk by Family for all systems included in this report
(Each square lists controls evaluated (in white) and the determined residual risk value)

AC	AT	AU	CA	CM	CP	JA	IR	MA	MP	PE	PL	PM	Privacy	PS	RA	SA	SC	SI											
21	22	23	12	9	9	18	5	16	36	3	7	14	28	23	0.64	0.57	0.63	0.00	0.13	0.14	0.63	0.00	0.23	0.06	0.00	0.00	0.44	0.99	0.46

Adjusted Risk by Business Object/Family
(Each square lists controls evaluated (in white) and the determined residual risk value)

T	AU	CA	CM	CP	JA	IR	MA	MP	PE	PL	PM	Privacy	PS	RA	SA	SC	SI	
0	0	4	7	3	3	2	1	0	0	0	3	1	4	3	2	8	0	1
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.25	0.00	0.00
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	2
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.50
0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	15	0	0	0	2	0	0	0
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
1	3	1	1	1	3	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	2	1	1	
0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		
14	1	8	8	8	2	7	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	19	
0.00	0.43	0.00	0.84	0.53	0.79	0.00	0.18	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	1.00		
3	1	5	2	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.79	1.00	0.60	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00		

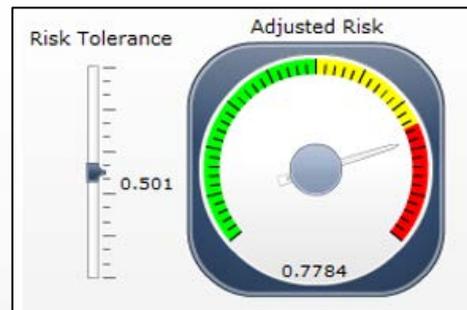
Control	Action Item Short Description	Status	Control Eff	Add Value
AC-6	...BIA_RA_010_AC-6 LEAST PRIVILEGE	RBD_Low	0.64	0.20
AC-6(10)	AC-6(10) LEAST PRIVILEGE PROHIBIT NON-PRIVILEGED USERS FROM EXECUTING PRIVILEGED FUNCTIONS	Implemented	0.32	0.00
AC-11(1)	AC-11(1) SESSION LOCK PATTERN-HIDING DISPLAYS	Implemented	0.32	0.00
AC-18(1)	AC-18(1) WIRELESS ACCESS AUTHENTICATION AND ENCRYPTION	NA	0.00	0.00
Sum			1.28	0.20
Risk Results:			Risk Level	0.16
			Adjusted Risk Level	0.25

Tailored Risk Tolerance

How can we include consideration for the unique characteristics and features of our systems, such as:

- High Value Assets (HVA)
- Type of data
- Complexity & breadth of system
- Hosting Characteristics

Tailor the risk tolerance measure from one metric (0.63) to a range (three levels) could achieve better analysis: High (0.63), Moderate (0.501), or Low (0.331)



Tailored Risk Tolerance

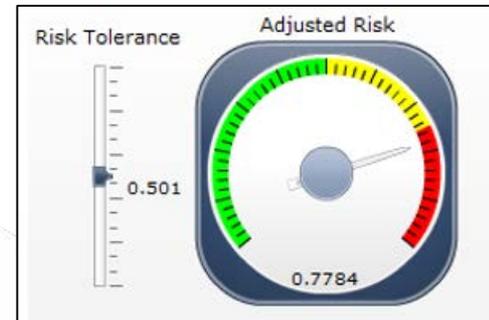
High risk tolerance = 0.63

- Says “we are more comfortable with a higher level of non-compliance”
- Key system characteristics: Not mission critical, limited use, fairly simple features (i.e. not overly complex)
- Tolerance range = less 0.63, between 0.63 – 0.815, more than 0.815



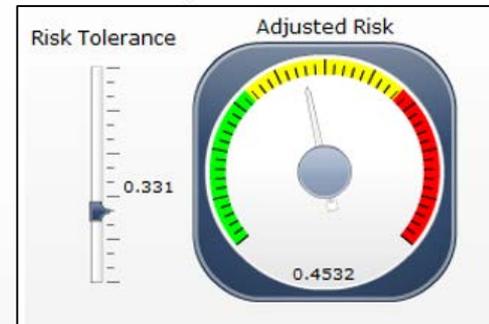
Moderate risk tolerance = 0.501

- Says “we are comfortable with a moderate level of non-compliance”
- System characteristics: Internally hosted, PII, mission critical, HVA
- Tolerance range = less 0.501, between 0.501 – 0.75, more than 0.75



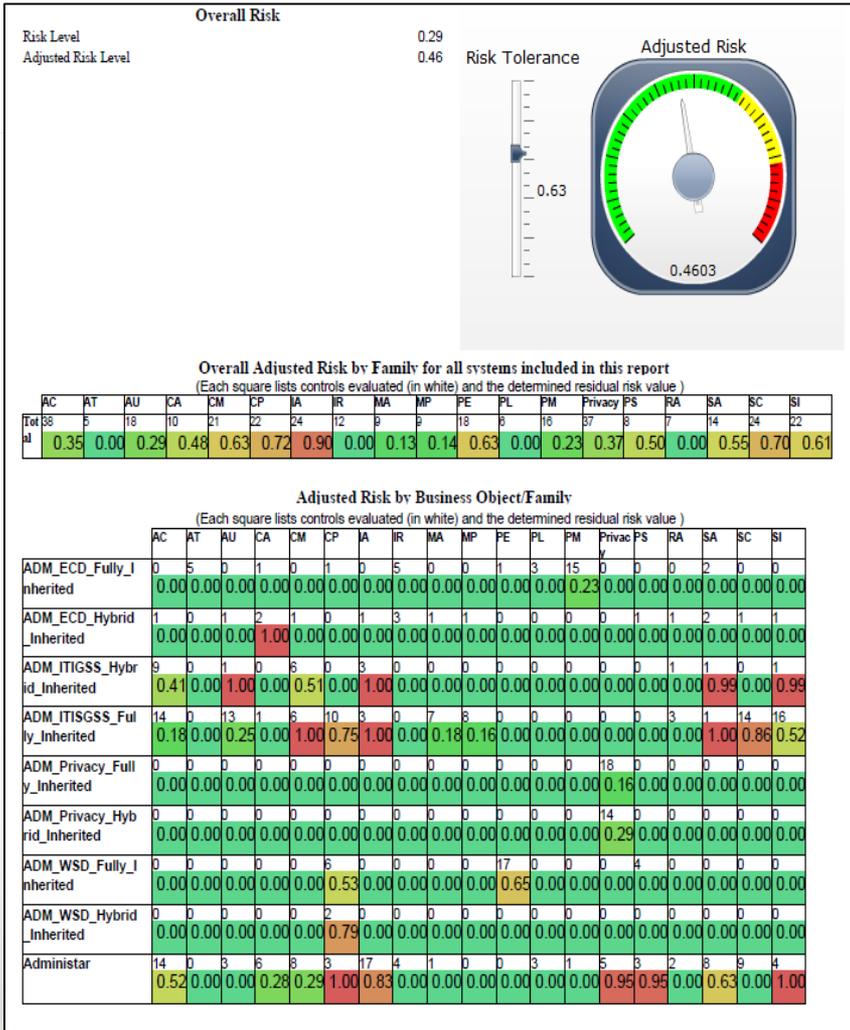
Low risk tolerance = 0.331

- Says “we are not comfortable with non-compliance”
- System characteristics: Externally hosted, PII, mission critical, HVA
- Tolerance range = less 0.331, between 0.331 – 0.67, more than 0.67

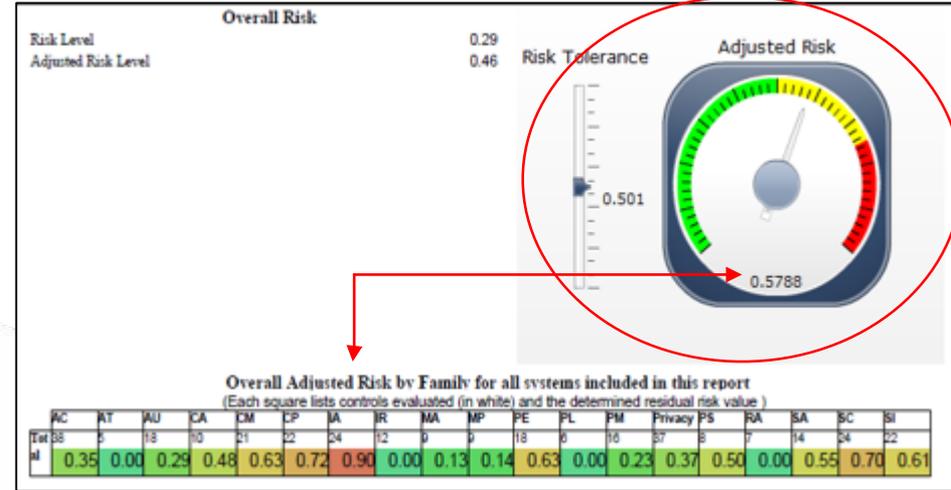


Tailored Risk Tolerance

Based upon 0.63 tolerance



Based upon 0.501 tolerance



This risk tolerance seems more relevant to the current state of system when referencing summary row

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