

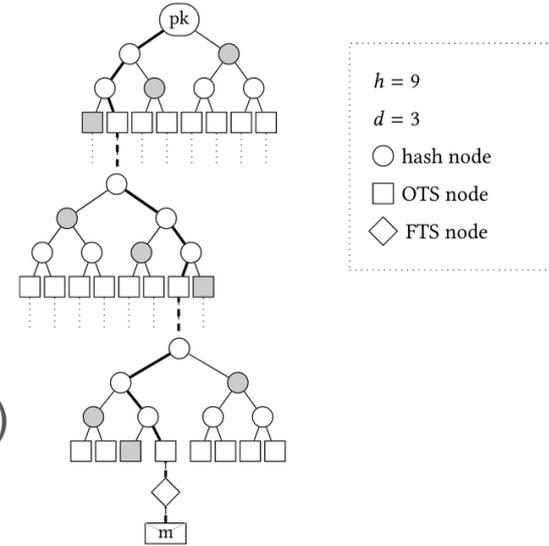
SPHINCS+C

Compressing SPHINCS+ With (Almost) No Cost

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SPHINCS+

- A **hash-based** signature scheme
- One of the selected **NIST PQ** digital schemes
 - One of the most secure and robust schemes
- Has a “small” and “fast” variant (for each security level)
- Actually allows a wide range of tradeoffs between:
 - Sig-Size, Sig-Gen-Time, Sig-Ver-Time
 - In general: faster Sig-Gen-Time and Sig-Ver-Time -> larger Sig-Size



SPHINCS+C

- Same structure with new more efficient primitives: WOTS+C, FORS+C
- Minor code changes compared to SPHINCS+
- Allows a new realm of better tradeoffs than SPHINCS+:
 - E.g., smaller Sig-Size with same Sig-Gen-Time

Security Level	Small Signature Size		Fast Signature Size	
	SPHINCS+	SPHINCS+C	SPHINCS+	SPHINCS+C
128-bit	7856	6304 (−20%)	17088	14904 (−13%)
192-bit	16224	13776 (−16%)	35664	33016 (−8%)
256-bit	29792	26096 (−13%)	49856	46884 (−6%)

Intuition for WOTS+C and FORS+C

- Hash and Sign

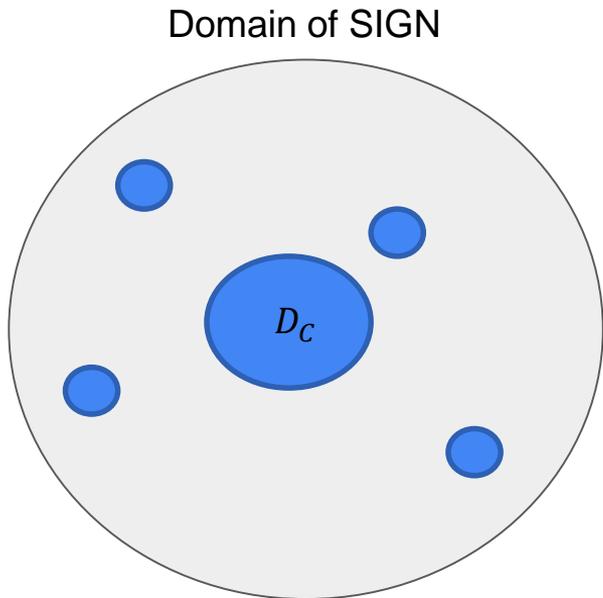
- $d = \text{HASH}(r||m)$, $m \in \{0,1\}^*$, $d \in \{0,1\}^n$, $r \leftarrow \$$
- $\sigma = \text{SIGN}(d)$

- SIGN accepts any value of d

- SIGN may be “compressed” (size, run time) for some sub-domains

- Basic idea

- Find “good” sub-domain D_C and compress SIGN/VER for it
- For signing, we add an incrementing counter to the hash
- Search for cnt value such that $d_C = \text{HASH}(r||cnt||m) \in D_C$
- $\sigma_c = \text{SIGN}_C(d_c)||cnt$
- Verifier checks that $\text{HASH}(r||cnt||m) \in D_C$ and $\text{VER}_C(d, \sigma) = 1$



Intuition for WOTS+C and FORS+C

- Wait a minute, the Sig-Gen running time is not constant!
 - Yes, but this is actually OK
- Is this secure against **side-channel attacks**?
 - Yes, if original SPHINCS+ is “Constant time” crypto then so is SPHINCS+C
 - “Constant time” means independence of running time and secret inputs
 - Our run time variance only depends on the message and public values
 - Variance is independent from any secret values and doesn't leak any information about them

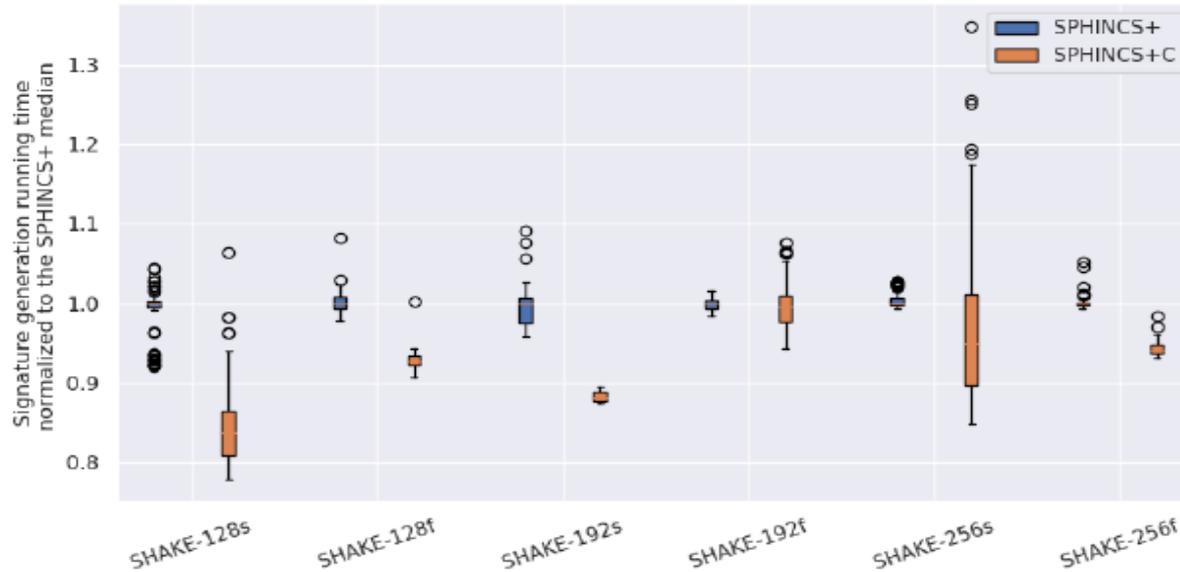
Intuition for WOTS+C and FORS+C

- Won't some signatures take a really long time?
 - We bound the probability p for s signature will run more than $f(p)$ time the expected time
 - E.g., $f(2^{-16}) < 3$, $f(2^{-32}) < 5$ and $f(2^{-64}) < 9$
 - Can optimize for parameter sets with lower variance.
 - E.g., for SPHINCS+C-256f $f(2^{-64}) < 1.2$

	expected		$f(p)$ for probability							
	hash calls	$\log(t')$	2^{-8}	2^{-16}	2^{-24}	2^{-32}	2^{-40}	2^{-48}	2^{-56}	2^{-64}
SPHINCS+C-128s	$2^{20.9}$	18	1.6	2.3	3.1	3.8	4.5	5.3	6.0	6.7
SPHINCS+C-128f	$2^{16.7}$	8	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1
SPHINCS+C-192s	$2^{21.7}$	12	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1
SPHINCS+C-192f	$2^{17.4}$	13	1.2	1.5	1.8	2.0	2.3	2.6	2.9	3.1
SPHINCS+C-256s	$2^{21.5}$	19	1.8	2.8	3.7	4.7	5.7	6.6	7.6	8.6
SPHINCS+C-256f	$2^{18.4}$	10	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2

Intuition for WOTS+C and FORS+C

- Won't some signatures take a really long time?
 - We also run experiments to compare variability in SIG-GEN time with SPHINCS+



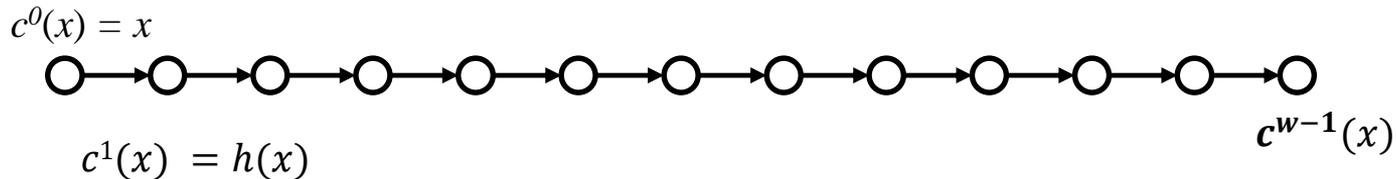
From WOTS+ and FORS to
WOTS+C and FORS+C

Function chains in WOTS*

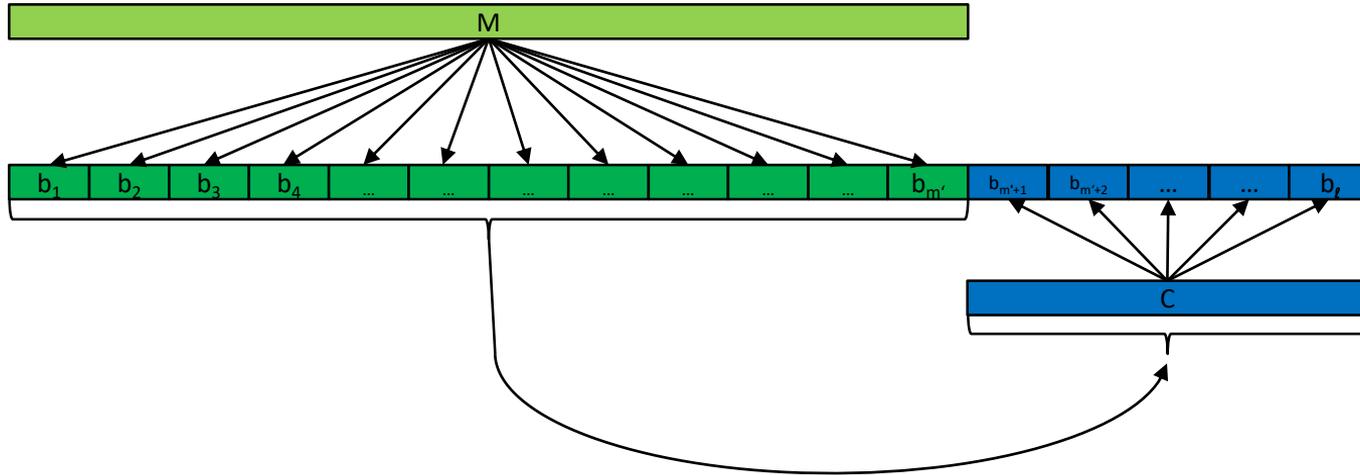
Hash function $h : \{0,1\}^n \rightarrow \{0,1\}^n$

Parameter w

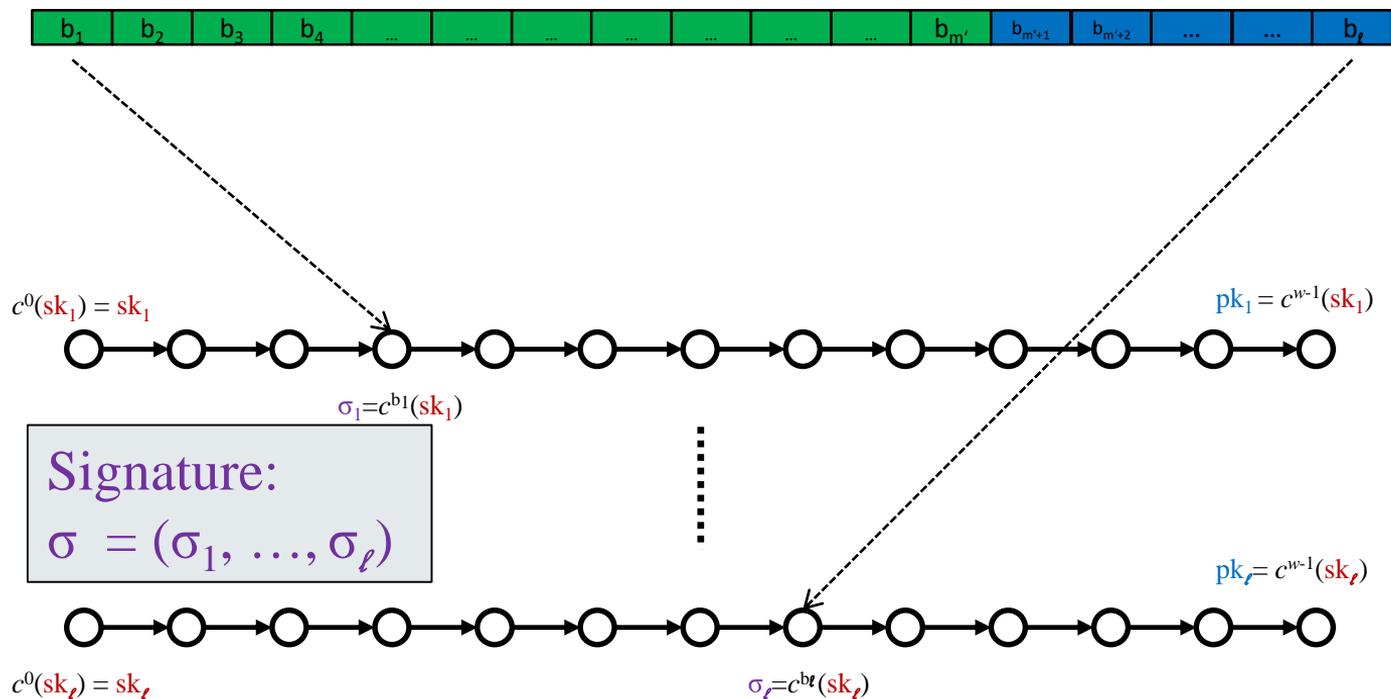
Chain: $c^i(x) = h\left(c^{i-1}(x)\right) = \underbrace{h \circ h \circ \dots \circ h}_{i\text{-times}}(x)$



WOTS Signature generation



WOTS Signature generation



WOTS+C

We **remove the checksum** chains by forcing it to always a pre-defined value

Signing:

Instead of signing the message m , we sign $d = h(s||m)$, where s a salt.

Search for s s.t. d has a checksum S , add s to the signature

S is pre-defined to be the expected checksum.

Signer run-time is usually **reduced!** More work to find salt, but no checksum chains to calculate

Verifying:

Verifier run-time is **reduced**.

No need to verify the checksum chains

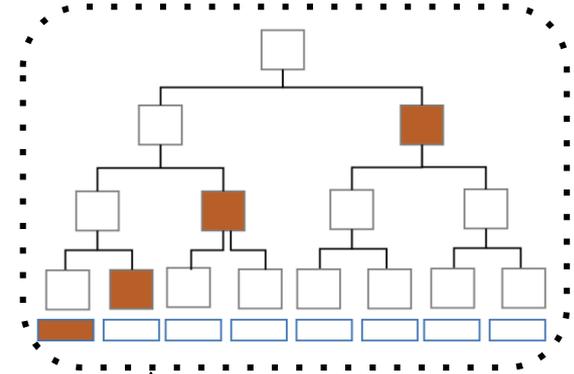
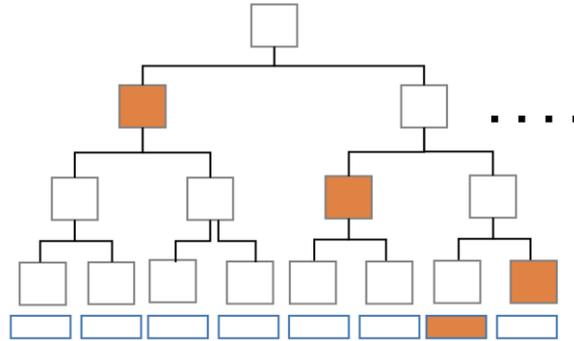
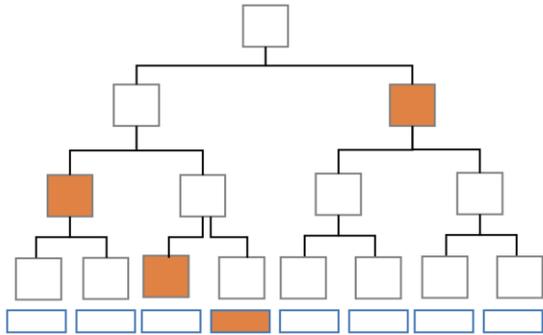
Only compute $d = h(s||m)$ and verify that d has checksum S (and verify the signature)

Can use the same technique to reduce more chains (at the cost of increasing Sig-Gen-Time)

FORS+C

- FORS includes multiple Merkle trees, opening one leaf in each tree
- Using similar techniques, we **remove the last tree** of the FORC+ signature
- **Idea:** force the hash for the last tree to always open the first leaf (leaf index 0)
- Find a salt s that satisfies the above
- **Tweak:** we can make the last tree larger than other to gain savings
- Verifier run-time is **reduced** (simply check that last tree has index 0)

FORS+C



Last tree removed
in FORS+C

SPHINCS+C

SPHINCS+C Parameter Sets

- As a starting point we can use the original SPHINCS+ parameter sets
- This results in a “compressed” version of SPHINCS+ that is strictly better
 - Faster Key-Gen-Time, Sig-Gen-Time, Sig-Ver-Time
 - Smaller Sig-Size

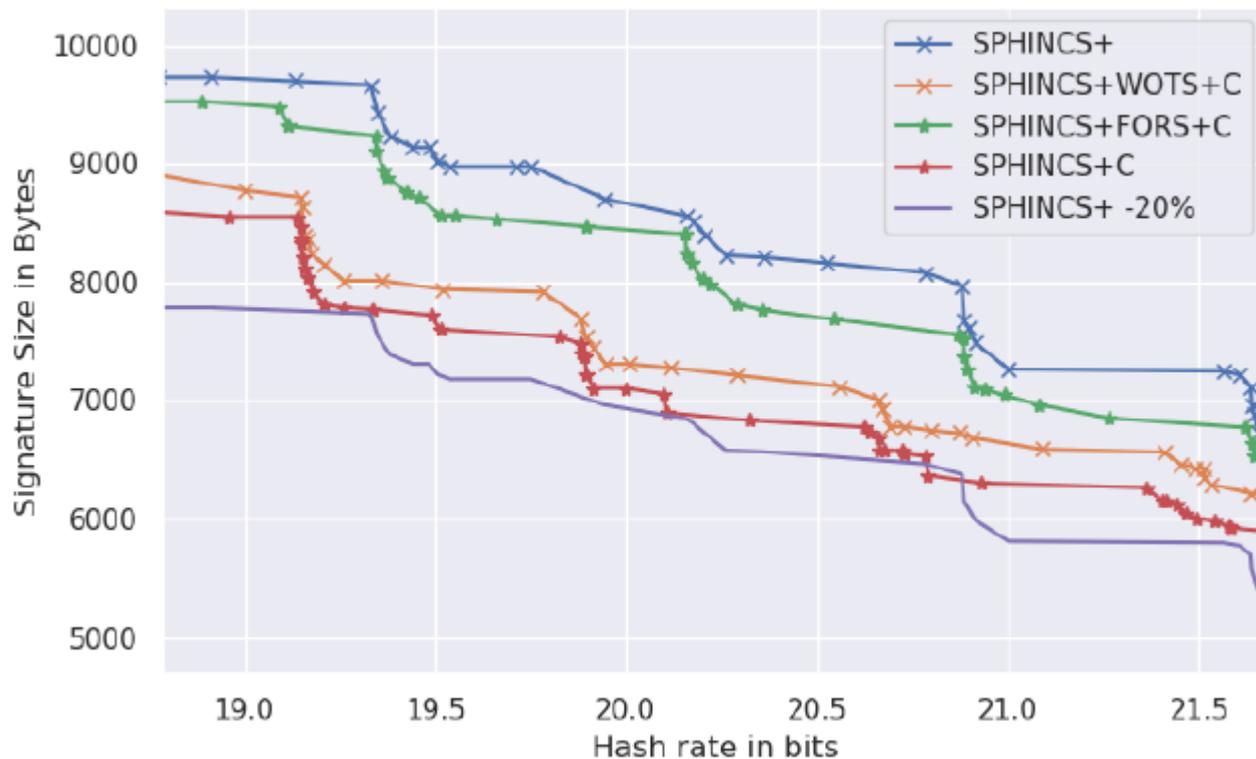
	Key Generation		Signature		Verification		Size	
	SPHINCS+	Compressed	SPHINCS+	Compressed	SPHINCS+	Compressed	SPHINCS+	Compressed
SHAKE-128s	721.4	649.8 (-10%)	5398.0	4964.5 (-8%)	5.0	4.9 (-1%)	7856	7344 (-7%)
SHAKE-128f	10.8	9.7 (-11%)	256.3	232.4 (-9%)	16.4	14.2 (-13%)	17088	16012 (-7%)
SHAKE-192s	1068.6	962.3 (-10%)	9133.3	8283.6 (-9%)	8.5	7.5 (-12%)	16224	15392 (-6%)
SHAKE-192f	15.1	13.4 (-12%)	380.6	347.6 (-9%)	22.0	19.5 (-12%)	35664	33956 (-5%)
SHAKE-256s	652.6	648.2 (-1%)	7573.0	7367.8 (-3%)	11.4	11.3 (-1%)	29792	28580 (-5%)
SHAKE-256f	44.4	38.5 (-13%)	860.3	763.4 (-11%)	24.1	21.1 (-12%)	49856	47976 (-4%)

SPHINCS+C Parameter Sets

- However, we can do better.
- We can optimize parameter sets for different constraints and use cases
- E.g., we optimized SPHINCS+C parameters to:
 - Minimize Sig-Size
 - Keeping Sig-Gen-Time at least as fast as SPHINCS+

	Key Generation		Signature		Verification		Size	
	SPHINCS+	SPHINCS+C	SPHINCS+	SPHINCS+C	SPHINCS+	SPHINCS+C	SPHINCS+	SPHINCS+C
SHAKE-128s	721.4	341.1 (-53%)	5398.0	4602.4 (-15%)	5.0	30.8 (+518%)	7856	6304 (-20%)
SHAKE-128f	10.8	8.6 (-20%)	256.3	237.6 (-7%)	16.4	12.0 (-27%)	17088	14904 (-13%)
SHAKE-192s	1068.6	501.2 (-53%)	9133.3	8107.8 (-11%)	8.5	45.0 (+429%)	16224	13776 (-16%)
SHAKE-192f	15.1	12.9 (-15%)	380.6	379.4 (-0%)	22.0	18.6 (-15%)	35664	33016 (-8%)
SHAKE-256s	652.6	432.0 (-34%)	7573.0	7339.4 (-3%)	11.4	36.1 (+218%)	29792	26096 (-13%)
SHAKE-256f	44.4	37.7 (-15%)	860.3	810.5 (-6%)	24.1	19.9 (-18%)	49856	46884 (-6%)

Improved Tradeoff with SPHINCS+C



SPHINCS+C Parameter Sets

- SPHINCS+C can provide better tradeoffs compare to SPHINCS+
- We are looking for feedback on real-world requirements and tradeoffs
 - Sig-Gen-Time Vs. Sig-Ver-Time
 - Sig-Size Vs. Sig-Ver-Time
 - Low q_{sign} variants
- The paper includes a sage script for finding suitable parameter sets

Future Work

- In the paper we propose other optimization that require bigger code changes and are not included in SPHINCS+C
 - Interleaved Trees for better FORS compression
 - Small trees of FORS+C
 - Soft-state-full variant to XMSS based on a tree of FORS+C
 - Only need to make sure you don't pass the signature number limit
- Fine-tuning parameter sets choice

Conclusion

- We presented SPHINCS+C a “compressed” variant of SPHINCS+
 - Based on WOTS+C and FORS+C variants of WOTS+ and FORS used in SPHINCS+
 - Full **tight** security proof as in SPHINCS+
- SPHINCS+C allows for better tradeoffs and optimization of parameter sets
- WOTS+C optimizations can also be used in XMSS
- Improved tradeoffs and optimization also for low q_{sign} variants

- Paper available at: ia.cr/2022/778
- Code: <https://github.com/eyalr0/sphincsplusC/>
- Any questions?