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Interfaces for Personal Identity Verification – Part 1: PIV Card Application Namespace, Data Model and Representation

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U.S. Department of Commerce *Penny Pritzker, Secretary*

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Patrick D. Gallagher, Under Secretary of Commerce for Standards and Technology and Director

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105 106 107 **Reports on Computer Systems Technology** 108 The Information Technology Laboratory (ITL) at the National Institute of Standards and Technology 109 (NIST) promotes the U.S. economy and public welfare by providing technical leadership for the 110 Nation's measurement and standards infrastructure. ITL develops tests, test methods, reference data, proof of concept implementations, and technical analyses to advance the development and productive 111 112 use of information technology. ITL's responsibilities include the development of management, 113 administrative, technical, and physical standards and guidelines for the cost-effective security and 114 privacy of other than national security-related information in Federal information systems. The Special 115 Publication 800-series reports on ITL's research, guidelines, and outreach efforts in information system 116 security, and its collaborative activities with industry, government, and academic organizations. 117 118 Abstract 119 120 FIPS 201 defines the requirements and characteristics of a government-wide interoperable identity 121 credential. FIPS 201 also specifies that this identity credential must be stored on a smart card. This 122 document, SP 800-73, contains the technical specifications to interface with the smart card to retrieve 123 and use the PIV identity credentials. The specifications reflect the design goals of interoperability and 124 PIV Card functions. The goals are addressed by specifying a PIV data model, card edge interface, and 125 application programming interface. Moreover, this document enumerates requirements where the 126 international integrated circuit card standards [ISO7816] include options and branches. The 127 specifications go further by constraining implementers' interpretations of the normative standards. Such 128 restrictions are designed to ease implementation, facilitate interoperability, and ensure performance, in a 129 manner tailored for PIV applications. 130 131 132 **Keywords** 133 134 135 authentication: FIPS 201: identity credential: logical access control: on-card biometric comparison: Personal Identity Verification (PIV); physical access control; smart cards; secure messaging 136 137 138 139 140 Acknowledgements 141 142 The authors (Ramaswamy Chandramouli, David Cooper, Hildegard Ferraiolo, Salvatore 143 Francomacaro, and Ketan Mehta of NIST, and Jason Mohler of Electrosoft Services, Inc.) wish to 144 thank their colleagues who reviewed drafts of this document and contributed to its development. 145 The authors also gratefully acknowledge and appreciate the many contributions from the public and 146 private sectors whose thoughtful and constructive comments improved the quality and usefulness of 147 this publication. 148

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Revision History

| Version | Release Date | Updates |
|-------------|----------------|---|
| SP 800-73 | April 2005 | Initial Release |
| SP 800-73-1 | April 2006 | Incorporated Errata |
| SP 800-73-2 | September 2008 | Separated SP 800-73 into four Parts: |
| | | End-Point PIV Card Application Namespace, Data Model and Representation End-Point PIV Card Application Card Command Interface End-Point PIV Client Application Programming Interface The PIV Transitional Interface and Data Model Specification |
| | | All PIV cryptographic key types, cryptographic algorithm identifiers, and key sizes previously listed in SP 800-73-1, are now specified in SP 800-78, Cryptographic Algorithms and Key Sizes for Personal Identity Verification |
| | | Removed default algorithms. Each PIV key type can be implemented from a small subset of algorithms and key sizes as specified in Table 3-1 of SP 800-78 |
| | | Added optional Discovery Object (Part 1, Section 3.2.6) |
| | | Added optional capability to use the Global PIN (in addition to the PIV Card Application PIN) with the PIV Card Application (Part 1, Section 3.2.6) |
| | | Added pivMiddlewareVersion API function (Part 3, Section 3.1.1) |
| | | Deprecated the CHUID data object's Authentication Key Map data element |
| | | Deprecated the Printed Information data object's Employee Affiliation Line 2 data element (tag 0x03) |
| | | Removed size limits on signed data object containers (Part 1, Appendix A) |
| SP 800-73-3 | February 2010 | Added preamble: I - Revision History, II - Configuration Management and III – NPIVP Conformance Testing. (Part 1, Preamble) |
| | | Removed the CHUID data object's Authentication Key Map data element |
| | | Removed the Printed Information data object's Employee Affiliation Line 2 data element (tag 0x03) |
| | | Deprecated IPv6 as optional value for the CHUID's GUID data element (Part 1, Section 3.2.1) |
| | | Added Key History capability (Part 1, Section 3.2.7) |
| | | Added ECDH key agreement scheme (Part 2, Section 3.2.4) |
| | | Added UUID feature for non-Federal issuer cards (Part 1, Section 3.3) |
| | | Expanded Part 2, Appendix A (GENERAL AUTHENTICATE examples) to illustrate ECDSA signatures and key establishment schemes with the key management key |
| | | Added an optional cardholder iris images data object, which is specified in SP 800-76-2. |
| | | Added Appendix C, PIV Algorithm Identifier Discovery. |
| | | Updated PIV Middleware version number in Part 3. |

| Version | Release Date | Updates |
|-------------|--------------|--|
| SP 800-73-4 | May 2014 | Removed Part 4, The PIV Transitional Data Model and Interfaces |
| | | Removed "End-Point" from the titles and content of Parts 1 through 3 |
| | | Added Section 1.3 "Effective Date" |
| | | Made asymmetric Card Authentication key mandatory |
| | | Made digital signature key and key management key conditionally mandatory |
| | | Made the facial image data object mandatory |
| | | Introduced specifications for optional secure messaging |
| | | Introduced specifications for optional virtual contact interface (VCI) over which all non-card-management functionality of the PIV Card is accessible |
| | | Added support for pairing code that is used to establish VCI |
| | | Made Card UUID mandatory. Thus, removed the option to populate the GUID data element of CHUID with all zeros or an IPv6 address |
| | | Added PIV card level PIN length enforcement requirements for the PINs |
| | | Added an optional Cardholder UUID as a unique identifier for a cardholder |
| | | Removed information about encoding of NFI cards |
| | | Added optional on-card biometric comparison mechanism as a means of performing card activation and as a PIV authentication mechanism |
| | | Added requirement for signature verification and certification path validation in the CHUID, BIO, and BIO-A authentication mechanisms |
| | | Added the On Card Comparison (OCC) Biometric Information (BIT) group template Data Object |
| | | Added Secure Messaging Signer Certificate Data Object |
| | | Added Pairing Code Reference Data Container |
| | | Deprecated some data elements in the CHUID (Buffer Length, DUNS and Organization Identifier) and legacy data elements in all X.509 Certificates (MSCUID) |
| | | Deprecated the optional Extended Application CardURL and Security Object Buffer data elements from the Card Capability Container |
| | | Updated PIV Middleware version number in Part 3 |
| | | Expanded Part 1, Appendix C (PIV Algorithm Identifier Discovery) to include an Algorithm Identifier discovery for Secure Messaging |
| | | Expanded Part 2, Appendix A (GENERAL AUTHENTICATE examples) to illustrate use of VCI |

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| 154 | II. Configuration Management |
| 155 156 157 158 | When a Federal agency adds one or several optional features listed in the previous section (Revision History) to its PIV Cards, it is necessary for client applications to upgrade the PIV Middleware accordingly. This will enable the PIV Middleware to recognize and process the new data objects and/or features. |
| 159 160 161 162 163 | Where maximum interoperability is required, it is necessary to upgrade to SP 800-73-4 based PIV Middleware as they become available. Only SP 800-73-4 based PIV Middleware fully support all capabilities outlined in the Revision History. Previous versions of the PIV Middleware (based on SP800-73-3, SP 800-73-2, or SP 800-73-1) are unaware of new SP 800-73-4 features and thus have the following limitations: |
| 164 | + SP 800-73-3 based PIV Middleware: |
| 165 | o Do not support On-card Biometric Comparison |
| 166 | o Do not support Secure Messaging. |
| 167 168 | Recommendation: SP 800-73-3 based PIV Middleware should be restricted to applications that do not use the above features. |
| 169 | + In addition to the limitations listed above, SP 800-73-2 based PIV Middleware: |
| 170 | Do not support the Key History feature. |
| 171 | Do not support the iris images data object. |
| 172 173 | Recommendation: SP 800-73-2 based PIV Middleware should be restricted to applications that do not use the new features supported by the SP 800-73-3 and SP 800-73-4 middleware. |
| 174 | + In addition to the limitations listed above, SP 800-73-1 based PIV Middleware: |
| 175 176 | Do not recognize the PIV Discovery Object and thus are unable to recognize or prompt for the Global PIN for PIV Cards with Global PIN enabled. |
| 177 | o Do not support the PIV Middleware version API function. |
| 178 179 180 | Recommendation: SP 800-73-1 based PIV Middleware should be restricted to applications that do not use the new features supported by the SP 800-73-2, SP 800-73-3, and SP 800-73-4 middleware. |
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 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ Implementation of secure messaging and virtual contact interface are optional.

183 **NPIVP Conformance Testing** 184 185 As outlined in FIPS 201-2, Appendix A.3, NIST has established the NIST Personal Identity Verification 186 Program (NPIVP) to: 187 validate the compliance/conformance of two PIV components: PIV Middleware and PIV Card Applications with the specifications in NIST SP 800-73 and 188 189 provide the assurance that the set of PIV Middleware and PIV Card Applications that have been 190 validated by NPIVP are interoperable. 191 For the further information on NPIVP, see http://csrc.nist.gov/groups/SNS/piv/npivp/index.html. 192 With the final release of SP 800-73-4, NPIVP plans to revise and publish SP 800-85A-3, PIV Card 193 Application and Middleware Interface Test Guidelines. This document will outline the Derived Test 194 Requirements (DTRs) of SP 800-73-4 based PIV Card Applications and PIV Middleware. In parallel, 195 NPIVP plans to update the test tools for NPIVP laboratories to test PIV Card Applications and PIV 196 Middleware in accordance with the DTRs in SP 800-85A-3. Once SP 800-85A-3 is published, and the 197 test tools are available to NPIVP test laboratories, SP 800-73-3 based testing will be discontinued and SP 198 800-73-4 based testing will begin. NPIVP will announce the start of SP 800-73-4 based testing at 199 http://csrc.nist.gov/groups/SNS/piv/npivp/announcements.html.

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Introduction

334 335 Homeland Security Presidential Directive-12 (HSPD-12) called for a common identification standard to be adopted governing the interoperable use of identity credentials to allow physical 336 337 and logical access to Federally controlled facilities and information systems. Personal Identity 338 Verification (PIV) of Federal Employees and Contractors, Federal Information Processing 339 Standard 201 (FIPS 201) [FIPS201] was developed to establish standards for identity credentials. Special Publication 800-73-4 (SP 800-73-4) contains technical specifications to interface with the 340 341 smart card (PIV Card²) to retrieve and use the identity credentials. 342 1.1 **Purpose** 343 FIPS 201 defines procedures for the PIV lifecycle activities including identity proofing, 344 registration, PIV Card issuance, and PIV Card usage. FIPS 201 also specifies that the identity 345 credentials must be stored on a smart card. SP 800-73-4 contains the technical specifications to interface with the smart card to retrieve and use the identity credentials. The specifications reflect 346 347 the design goals of interoperability and PIV Card functions. The goals are addressed by 348 specifying a PIV data model, card edge interface, and application programming interface. 349 Moreover, this document enumerates requirements where the international integrated circuit card 350 standards [ISO7816] include options and branches. The specifications go further by constraining 351 implementers' interpretations of the normative standards. Such restrictions are designed to ease 352 implementation, facilitate interoperability, and ensure performance, in a manner tailored for PIV 353 applications. 354 1.2 Scope 355 SP 800-73-4 specifies the PIV data model, application programming interface (API), and card 356 interface requirements necessary to comply with the use cases, as defined in Section 6 of FIPS 357 201 and further described in this document. Interoperability is defined as the use of PIV identity 358 credentials such that client-application programs, compliant card applications, and compliant integrated circuits cards (ICC) can be used interchangeably by all information processing systems 359 360 across Federal agencies. SP 800-73-4 defines the PIV data elements' identifiers, structure, and 361 format. SP 800-73-4 also describes the client application programming interface and card 362 command interface for use with the PIV Card. 363 This part, SP 800-73-4, Part 1 – PIV Card Application Namespace, Data Model and 364 Representation, specifies the PIV Card Application Namespace, the PIV Data Model and its 365 logical representation on the PIV Card, and is a companion document to FIPS 201. **Effective Date** 366 1.3 367 Federal departments and agencies may implement these recommendations, rather than the previous version, immediately upon publication. With the exception of the requirement for the 368 369 PIV Card Application to enforce the minimum length requirements for the PINs, Federal

² A physical artifact (e.g., identity card, "smart" card) issued to an individual that contains a PIV Card Application which stores identity credentials (e.g., photograph, cryptographic keys, digitized fingerprint representation) so that the claimed identity of the cardholder can be verified against the stored credentials by another person (human readable and verifiable) or an automated process (computer readable and verifiable).

370 departments and agencies must implement these recommendations no later than 12 months after 371 the effective date of FIPS 201-2. 372 The requirement to enforce minimum length for the PINs at the card level is a security 373 requirement that did not appear in previous versions of SP 800-73. The implementation schedule for this new requirement shall be phased in as part of new card stock acquisition by Federal 374 375 departments and agencies after final publication of this document. **Audience and Assumptions** 376 1.4 377 This document is targeted at Federal agencies and implementers of PIV systems. Readers are 378 assumed to have a working knowledge of smart card standards and applications. 379 **Document Overview and Structure** 1.5 380 All sections in this document are *normative* (i.e., mandatory for compliance) unless specified as 381 *informative* (i.e., non-mandatory). Following is the structure of this document: 382 Section 1, *Introduction*, provides the purpose, scope, effective date, audience, and 383 assumptions, of the document and outlines its structure. Section 2, PIV Card Application Namespaces, defines the three NIST managed 384 385 namespaces used by the PIV Card Application. 386 Section 3, PIV Data Model Elements, describes the PIV Data Model elements in detail. Section 4, PIV Data Objects Representation, describes the format and coding of the PIV 387 388 data structures used by the PIV client-application programming interface and the PIV 389 Card Application. 390 Section 5, Data Types and Their Representation, provides the details of the data types 391 found on the PIV client-application programming interface and the PIV Card Application 392 card command interface. 393 Appendix A provides container information of PIV Cards and is normative. All other 394 appendices are informative and contain material that needs special formatting together 395 with illustrative material to aid in understanding information in the body of the document.

2. **PIV Card Application Namespaces** 396 397 2.1 Namespaces of the PIV Card Application 398 Names used on the PIV interfaces are drawn from three namespaces managed by NIST: 399 Proprietary Identifier eXtension (PIX) of the NIST Registered Application Provider 400 IDentifier (RID) ASN.1 object identifiers (OIDs) in the personal identity verification subset of the OIDs 401 402 managed by NIST 403 Basic Encoding Rules - Tag Length Value (BER-TLV) tags of the NIST PIV coexistent 404 tag allocation scheme 405 All unspecified names in these managed namespaces are reserved for future use. 406 All interindustry tags defined in ISO/IEC 7816, Information Technology – Identification Cards – 407 Integrated Circuit(s) Card with Contacts [ISO7816], and used in the NIST coexistent tag 408 allocation scheme without redefinition have the same meaning as they have in [ISO7816]. 409 All unspecified values in the following identifier and value namespaces are reserved for future 410 use: 411 algorithm identifiers 412 key reference values 413 cryptographic mechanism identifiers 414 2.2 **PIV Card Application AID** The Application IDentifier (AID) of the Personal Identity Verification Card Application (PIV 415 416 Card Application) shall be: 417 'A0 00 00 03 08 00 00 10 00 01 00' The AID of the PIV Card Application consists of the NIST RID ('A0 00 00 03 08') followed by 418 419 the application portion of the NIST PIX indicating the PIV Card Application ('00 00 10 00') and then the version portion of the NIST PIX ('01 00') for the first version of the PIV Card 420 421 Application. All other PIX sequences on the NIST RID are reserved for future use. 422 The PIV Card Application can be selected as the current application by providing the full AID as 423 listed above or by providing the right-truncated version; that is, without the two-byte version, as follows: 424 425 'A0 00 00 03 08 00 00 10 00'

PIV Data Model Elements 426 427 This section contains the description of the data elements for personal identity verification, the PIV 428 data model. 429 A PIV Card Application shall contain seven mandatory interoperable data objects, two conditionally 430 mandatory data objects, and may contain twenty-seven optional data objects. The seven mandatory 431 data objects for interoperable use are as follows: 432 1. Card Capability Container 2. Card Holder Unique Identifier 433 434 3. X.509 Certificate for PIV Authentication 435 4. X.509 Certificate for Card Authentication 436 5. Cardholder Fingerprints 437 6. Cardholder Facial Image 438 7. Security Object 439 440 The two data objects that are mandatory if the cardholder has a government-issued email account at the time of credential issuance are: 441 442 1. X.509 Certificate for Digital Signature 443 2. X.509 Certificate for Key Management 444 445 The twenty-seven optional data objects are as follows: 446 1. Printed Information 447 2. Discovery Object 448 3. Key History Object 449 4. 20 retired X.509 Certificates for Key Management 450 5. Cardholder Iris Images 6. Biometric Information Templates Group Template 451 7. Secure Messaging Certificate Signer 452 8. Pairing Code Reference Data Container 453 454 3.1 **Mandatory Data Elements** 455 456 This section describes the seven mandatory data objects for interagency interoperable use. 3.1.1 Card Capability Container 457 The Card Capability Container (CCC) is a mandatory data object whose purpose is to facilitate 458 459 compatibility of Government Smart Card Interoperability Specification (GSC-IS) applications with 460 PIV Cards. 461 The CCC supports minimum capability for retrieval of the data model and optionally the application information as specified in [GSC-IS]. The data model of the PIV Card Application shall be identified 462 463 by data model number 0x10. Deployed applications use 0x00 through 0x04. This enables the GSC-IS application domain to correctly identify a new data model namespace and structure as defined in 464 this document. 465

- 466 For PIV Card Applications, the PIV data objects exist in a namespace tightly managed by NIST and a
- 467 CCC discovery mechanism is not needed by client applications that are not based on GSC-IS.
- Therefore, all mandatory data elements of the CCC, except for the data model number, may
- optionally have a length value set to zero bytes (i.e., no value field will be supplied). Unused optional
- data elements shall be absent. The content of the CCC data elements, other than the data model
- number, are out of scope for this specification.

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3.1.2 Card Holder Unique Identifier

- 473 The Card Holder Unique Identifier (CHUID) data object is defined in accordance with the Technical
- 474 Implementation Guidance: Smart Card Enabled Physical Access Control Systems (TIG SCEPACS)
- 475 [TIG SCEPACS]. For this specification, the CHUID is common between the contact and contactless
- interfaces. For dual chip implementations, the CHUID is copied in its entirety between the two chips.
- In addition to the requirements specified in TIG SCEPACS, the CHUID on the PIV Card shall meet the following requirements:
 - + The optional Buffer Length TLV element is deprecated and will be eliminated in a future version of SP 800-73. This element is the length in bytes of the entire CHUID, excluding the Buffer Length element itself, but including the CHUID's Asymmetric Signature element. The calculation of the asymmetric signature must exclude the Buffer Length element if it is present.
 - + The previously deprecated Authentication Key Map data element shall not be present in the CHUID.³
 - + The Federal Agency Smart Credential Number (FASC-N) shall be in accordance with TIG SCEPACS [TIG SCEPACS] with the exception that credential series, individual credential issue, person identifier, organizational category, organizational identifier, and person/organization association category may be populated with all zeros.
 - A subset of the FASC-N, the FASC-N Identifier, shall be the unique identifier as described in [TIG SCEPACS, Section 6.6]: "The combination of an Agency Code, System Code, and Credential Number is a fully qualified number that is uniquely assigned to a single individual." The Agency Code is assigned to each department or agency by SP 800-87, *Codes for Identification of Federal and Federally-Assisted Organizations* [SP800-87]. The subordinate System Code and Credential Number value assignment is subject to department or agency policy, provided that the FASC-N identifier (i.e., the concatenated Agency Code, System Code, and Credential Number) is unique for each card. The same FASC-N value shall be used in all the PIV data objects that include the FASC-N. To eliminate unnecessary use of the SSN, 4 the FASC-N's Person Identifier (PI) field should not encode the SSN. TIG SCEPACS also specifies PACS interoperability requirements in the 10th paragraph of [TIG SCEPACS, Section 2.1]: "For full interoperability of a PACS it must at a minimum be able to distinguish fourteen digits (i.e., a combination of an Agency Code, System Code, and Credential Number) when matching FASC-N based credentials to enrolled card holders."
 - + The optional DUNS and Organizational Identifier fields are deprecated and will be eliminated in a future version of SP 800-73.

³ See Revision History in preamble of this document.

⁴ See the attachment to OMB M-07-16, Section 2: "Reduce the Use of Social Security Numbers."

506 The Global Unique Identification number (GUID) field must be present, and shall include a 507 Card Universally Unique Identifier (UUID) (see Section 3.4.1). 508 + The Expiration Date is mapped to the reserved for future use (RFU) tag 0x35, keeping that 509 within the existing scope of the TIG SCEPACS specification. This field shall be 8 bytes in 510 length and shall be encoded in ASCII as YYYYMMDD. The expiration date shall be the 511 same as printed on the card. The optional Cardholder UUID field is mapped to RFU tag 0x36. If present, it shall include a 512 Cardholder UUID as described in Section 3.4.2. 513 514 + The CHUID shall be signed in accordance with Section 3.1.2.1. The card issuer's digital 515 signature key shall be used to sign the CHUID and the associated certificate shall be placed in 516 the signature field of the CHUID. 517 3.1.2.1 Asymmetric Signature Field in CHUID 518 FIPS 201 requires inclusion of the asymmetric signature field in the CHUID data object. The 519 asymmetric signature data element of the CHUID shall be encoded as a Cryptographic Message 520 Syntax (CMS) external digital signature, as defined in RFC 5652 [RFC5652]. 521 The issuer asymmetric signature field is implemented as a SignedData type, as specified in [RFC5652], and shall include the following information: 522 523 The message shall include a version field specifying version v3 524 The *digestAlgorithms* field shall be as specified in [SP800-78] 525 The *encapContentInfo* shall: 526 Specify an *eContentType* of id-PIV-CHUIDSecurityObject 527 528 Omit the eContent field The certificates field shall include only a single X.509 certificate, which can be used to verify 529 530 the signature in the SignerInfo field 531 The crls field shall be omitted signerInfos shall be present and include only a single SignerInfo 532 The SignerInfo shall: 533 Use the issuerAndSerialNumber choice for SignerIdentifier 534 Specify a *digestAlgorithm* in accordance with [SP800-78] 535 Include, at a minimum, the following signed attributes: 536 537 A MessageDigest attribute containing the hash computed in accordance with 538 [SP800-78] A pivSigner-DN attribute containing the subject name that appears in the PKI 539 540 certificate for the entity that signed the CHUID 541 Include the digital signature.

- The public key required to verify the digital signature shall be provided in the *certificates* field in an
- 543 X.509 digital signature certificate that has been issued in accordance with Section 4.2.1 of FIPS
- 544 201-2.

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3.1.3 X.509 Certificate for PIV Authentication

- 546 The X.509 Certificate for PIV Authentication and its associated private key, as defined in FIPS 201,
- is used to authenticate the card and the cardholder. The PIV Authentication private key and its
- 548 corresponding certificate are only available over the contact interface or Virtual Contact Interface
- 549 (VCI). The read access control rule for the X.509 Certificate for PIV Authentication is "Always,"
- meaning the certificate can be read without access control restrictions. The Public Key Infrastructure
- (PKI) cryptographic function (see Table 4) is protected with a Personal Identification Number (PIN)
- or On-Card biometric Comparison (OCC) access rule. In other words, private key operations using
- 553 the PIV Authentication key require the PIN or OCC data to be submitted and verified, but a
- successful submission enables multiple private key operations without additional cardholder consent.

3.1.4 X.509 Certificate for Card Authentication

- 556 FIPS 201 specifies the mandatory asymmetric Card Authentication key (CAK) as a private key that
- may be used to support physical access applications. The read access control rule of the
- corresponding X.509 Certificate for Card Authentication is "Always," meaning the certificate can be
- read without access control restrictions. The PKI cryptographic function (see Table 4) is under an
- "Always" access rule, and thus private key operations can performed without access control
- restrictions. The asymmetric CAK is generated by the PIV Card Issuer in accordance with FIPS 140-
- 562 2 requirements for key generation. An asymmetric CAK may be generated on-card or off-card. If an
- asymmetric CAK is generated off-card, the result of each key generation shall be injected into at most
- one PIV Card.

565 3.1.5 Cardholder Fingerprints

- The fingerprint data object specifies the primary and secondary fingerprints for off-card matching in
- accordance with FIPS 201 and SP 800-76.

568 3.1.6 Cardholder Facial Image

- The facial image data object supports visual authentication by a guard, and may also be used for
- automated facial authentication in operator-attended PIV issuance, reissuance, and verification data
- reset processes. The facial image data object shall be encoded as specified in [SP800-76].

3.1.7 Security Object

- 573 The Security Object is in accordance with Appendix 3 to Section IV of Volume 2 of Part 3 of
- Machine Readable Travel Documents (MRTD) [MRTD]. Tag 0xBA is used to map the ContainerIDs
- in the PIV data model to the 16 Data Groups specified in the MRTD. The mapping enables the
- Security Object to be fully compliant for future activities with identity documents.
- 577 The "DG-number-to-Container-ID" mapping object TLV in tag 0xBA encapsulates a series of three-
- 578 byte sequences one for each PIV data object included in the Security Object. The first byte is the
- Data Group (DG) number, and the second and third bytes are the most and least significant bytes
- (respectively) of the Container ID value. The DG number assignment is arbitrary; however, the same
- number assignment applies to the DataGroupNumber(s) in the DataGroupHash(es). This will ensure

- that the ContainerIDs in the mapping object refer to the correct hash values in the Security Object
- 583 (0xBB).

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- 584 The 0xBB Security Object is formatted according to [MRTD, Appendix 3 to Section IV]. The
- Logical Data Structure (LDS) Security Object itself must be in ASN.1 DER format, formatted as
- specified in [MRTD, Appendix A.3.2]. This structure is then inserted into the *encapContentInfo* field
- of the Cryptographic Message Syntax (CMS) object specified in [MRTD, Appendix A.3.1].
- The card issuer's digital signature key used to sign the CHUID shall also be used to sign the Security
- Object. The signature field of the Security Object, tag 0xBB, shall omit the issuer's certificate, since
- 590 it is included in the CHUID. At a minimum, unsigned data objects, such as the Printed Information
- data object, shall be included in the Security Object if present. For maximum protection against
- 592 credential splicing attacks (credential substitution), it is recommended, however, that all PIV data
- objects, except the PIV X.509 certificates and the Secure Messaging Certificate Signer data object, be
- included in the Security Object.

3.2 Conditional Data Elements

- The following two data elements are mandatory if the cardholder has a government-issued email
- 597 account at the time of credential issuance. These two data elements, when implemented, shall
- conform to the specifications provided in this document.

3.2.1 X.509 Certificate for Digital Signature

- The X.509 Certificate for Digital Signature and its associated private key, as defined in FIPS 201,
- support the use of digital signatures for the purpose of document signing. The digital signature private
- key and its corresponding certificate are only available over the contact interface or VCI. The read
- access control rule for the X.509 Certificate for Digital Signing is "Always," meaning the certificate
- can be read without access control restrictions. The PKI cryptographic function (see Table 4) is
- protected with a "PIN Always" or "OCC Always" access rule. In other words, the PIN or OCC data
- must be submitted and verified every time immediately before a digital signature key operation. This
- ensures cardholder participation every time the private key is used for digital signature generation.⁵

3.2.2 X.509 Certificate for Key Management

- The X.509 Certificate for Key Management and its associated private key, as defined in FIPS 201,
- support the use of encryption for the purpose of confidentiality. The key management private key and
- its corresponding certificate are only available over the contact interface or VCI. This key pair may be
- 612 escrowed by the issuer for key recovery purposes. The read access control rule for the X.509
- certificate is "Always," meaning the certificate can be read without access control restrictions. The
- PKI cryptographic function (see Table 4) is protected with a "PIN" or "OCC" access rule. In other
- words, once the PIN or OCC data is submitted and verified, subsequent key management key
- operations can be performed without requiring the PIN or OCC data again. This enables multiple
- private key operations without additional cardholder consent.

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⁵ [NISTIR7863], Cardholder Authentication for the PIV Digital Signature Key, addresses the appropriate use of PIN caching related to digital signatures.

3.3 **Optional Data Elements** 618 619 The twenty-seven optional data elements of FIPS 201, when implemented, shall conform to the 620 specifications provided in this document. **Printed Information** 621 3.3.1 622 All FIPS 201 mandatory information printed on the card is duplicated on the chip in this data object. The printed information data object shall not be modified post-issuance. The Security Object 623 624 enforces integrity of this information according to the issuer. This provides specific protection that 625 the card information must match the printed information, mitigating alteration risks on the printed 626 media. 627 3.3.2 Discovery Object 628 The Discovery Object, if implemented, is the 0x7E interindustry ISO/IEC 7816-6 template that nests interindustry data objects. For the Discovery Object, the 0x7E template nests two mandatory BER-629 630 TLV structured interindustry data elements: 1) tag 0x4F contains the AID of the PIV Card Application and 2) tag 0x5F2F lists the PIN Usage Policy. 631 Tag 0x4F encodes the PIV Card Application AID as follows: 632 {'4F 0B A0 00 00 03 08 00 00 10 00 01 00'} 633 634 Tag 0x5F2F encodes the PIN Usage Policy as follows: 635 636 First byte: Bit 7 indicates whether the PIV Card Application PIN satisfies the PIV 637 Access Control Rules (ACRs) for command execution⁶ and data object access. Bit 7 shall always be set to 1. 638 639 640 Bit 6 indicates whether the optional Global PIN satisfies the PIV ACRs for 641 command execution and PIV data object access. 642 643 Bit 5 indicates whether the optional pairing code is implemented. 644 indicates whether the optional OCC satisfies the PIV ACRs for 645 Bit 4 command execution and PIV data object access 646

| Table 1. | First Byte of PIN Usage Policy Discovery |
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|----------|--|

Bits 8 and 3 through 1 of the first byte shall be set to zero.

| Value | Definition | |
|-------|---|--|
| 0x40 | PIV Card Application PIN alone satisfies the PIV ACRs. Pairing code has not | |
| | been implemented. | |
| 0x48 | Both the PIV Card Application PIN and OCC satisfy the PIV ACRs. Pairing | |
| | code has not been implemented. | |
| 0x50 | PIV Card Application PIN alone satisfies the PIV ACRs. Pairing code has | |
| | been implemented. | |

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⁶ Command execution pertains to the VERIFY APDU and optionally to the CHANGE REFERENCE DATA APDU.

| Value | Definition | | |
|-------|---|--|--|
| 0x58 | Both the PIV Card Application PIN and OCC satisfy the PIV ACRs. Pairing | | |
| | code has been implemented. | | |
| 0x60 | Both PIV Card Application PIN and Global PIN satisfy PIV ACRs. Pairing | | |
| | code has not been implemented. | | |
| 0x68 | PIV Card Application PIN, Global PIN, and OCC all satisfy PIV ACRs. | | |
| | Pairing code has not been implemented. | | |
| 0x70 | Both PIV Card Application PIN and Global PIN satisfy PIV ACRS. Pairing | | |
| | code has been implemented. | | |
| 0x78 | PIV Card Application PIN, Global PIN, and OCC all satisfy PIV ACRs. | | |
| | Pairing code has been implemented. | | |

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651 The second byte of the PIN Usage Policy encodes the cardholder's PIN preference for PIV Cards with both the PIV Card Application PIN and the Global PIN enabled:

Second byte: 0x10 indicates that the PIV Card Application PIN is the primary PIN used to satisfy the PIV ACRs for command execution and object access.

0x20 indicates that the Global PIN is the primary PIN used to satisfy the PIV ACRs for command execution and object access.

PIV Card Applications that implement the pairing code shall implement the Discovery Object with the first byte of the PIN Usage Policy set to 0x50, 0x58, 0x70, or 0x78. PIV Card Applications for which both the PIV Card Application PIN and the Global PIN satisfy the PIV ACRs for PIV data object access and command execution shall implement the Discovery Object with the PIN Usage Policy set to 0x60 zz, 0x68 zz, 0x70 zz, or 0x78 zz where zz is either 0x10 or 0x20. PIV Card Applications for which OCC satisfies the PIV ACRs for PIV data object access and command execution shall implement the Discovery Object with the first byte of the PIN Usage Policy set to 0x48, 0x58, 0x68, or 0x78.

Note: If the first byte is set to 0x40, 0x48, 0x50, or 0x58, then the second byte is RFU and shall be set to 0x00.

The encoding of the 0x7E Discovery Object is as follows:

{'7E 12' {'4F 0B A0 00 00 03 08 00 00 10 00 01 00'} {'5F 2F 02 xx yy'}}, where xx and yy encode the first and second byte of the PIN Usage Policy as described in this section.

The Security Object enforces integrity of the Discovery Object according to the issuer.

3.3.3 Key History Object

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Up to twenty retired key management private keys may be stored in the PIV Card Application. The Key History object provides information about the retired key management private keys that are present within the PIV Card Application. Retired key management private keys are private keys that correspond to X.509 Certificates for Key Management that have expired, have been revoked, or have otherwise been superseded. The Key History object shall be present in the PIV Card Application if

⁷ See NIST Interagency Report 7676 [IR7676] for suggestions on the implementation and use of the Key History mechanism.

681 the PIV Card Application contains any retired key management private keys, but may be present even 682 if no such keys are present in the PIV Card Application. For each retired key management private key in the PIV Card Application, the corresponding certificate may either be present within the PIV 683 684 Card Application or may only be available from an on-line repository. 685 The Key History object includes two mandatory fields, keysWithOnCardCerts and 686 keysWithOffCardCerts, and one optional field, offCardCertURL. The keysWithOnCardCerts field indicates the number of retired private keys within the PIV Card Application for which the 687 688 corresponding certificates are also stored within the PIV Card Application. The 689 keysWithOffCardCerts field indicates the number of retired private keys within the PIV Card 690 Application for which the corresponding certificates are not stored within the PIV Card Application. 691 The numeric values in both keysWithOnCardCerts and keysWithOffCardCerts are represented as 692 unsigned binary integers. The offCardCertURL field contains a URL that points to a file containing 693 the certificates corresponding to all of the retired private keys within the PIV Card Application, 694 including those for which the corresponding certificate is also stored within the PIV Card Application. The offCardCertURL field shall be present if the keysWithOffCardCerts value is greater 695 696 than zero and shall be absent if the values of both keysWithOnCardCerts and keysWithOffCardCerts 697 are zero. The offCardCertURL field may be present if the keysWithOffCardCerts value is zero but the 698 kevsWithOnCardCerts value is greater than zero. 699 The file that is pointed to by the offCardCertURL field shall contain the DER encoding of the 700 following data structure: 701 OffCardKeyHistoryFile ::= SEQUENCE SIZE (1..20) OF SEQUENCE { 702 **OCTET STRING (SIZE(1))** keyReference 703 cert Certificate 704 } where **keyReference** is the key reference for the private key on the card and **cert** is the 705 corresponding X.509 certificate. The offCardCertURL field shall have the following format: 706 "http://" <DNS name> "/" <ASCII-HEX encoded SHA-256 hash of OffCardKeyHistoryFile> 707 708 The private keys for which the corresponding certificates are stored within the PIV Card Application 709 shall be assigned to the lowest numbered key references reserved for retired key management private 710 keys. For example if keysWithOnCardCerts is 5, then the corresponding private keys shall be 711 assigned to key references '82', '83', '84', '85', and '86'. 712 The private keys for which the corresponding certificates are not stored within the PIV Card 713 Application shall be assigned to the highest numbered key references reserved for retired key 714 management private keys. For example, if keysWithOffCardCerts is 3, then the corresponding private 715 keys shall be assigned to key references '93', '94', and '95'. 716 Private keys do not have to be stored within the PIV Card Application in the order of their age. 717 However, if the certificates corresponding to only some of the retired key management private keys 718 are available within the PIV Card Application then the certificates that are stored in the PIV Card 719 Application shall be the ones that were most recently issued.

⁸ The ASN.1 for **Certificate** may be imported from the ASN.1 module **PKIX1Explicit88** in Appendix A.1 of [RFC5280].

- 720 The Key History object is only available over the contact and VCI. The read access control rule for
- 721 the Key History object is "Always," meaning that it can be read without access control restrictions.
- 722 The Security Object enforces integrity of the Key History object according to the issuer.

723 3.3.4 Retired X.509 Certificates for Key Management

- 724 These objects hold the X.509 Certificates for Key Management corresponding to retired key
- management private keys, as described in Section 3.3.3. Retired key management private keys and
- their corresponding certificates are only available over the contact interface or VCI. The read access
- 727 control rule for these certificates is "Always," meaning the certificates can be read without access
- 728 control restrictions. The PKI cryptographic function (see Table 4) for all of the retired key
- management private keys is protected with a "PIN" or "OCC" access rule. In other words, once the
- 730 PIN or OCC data is submitted and verified, subsequent key management key operations can be
- performed with any of the retired key management private keys without requiring the PIN or OCC
- data again. This enables multiple private key operations without additional cardholder consent.

733 **3.3.5 Cardholder Iris Images**

- The iris images data object specifies compact images of the cardholder's irises. The images are
- suitable for use in iris recognition systems for automated identity verification. The iris images data
- object shall be encoded as specified in [SP800-76].

737 **3.3.6 Biometric Information Templates Group Template**

- 738 The Biometric Information Templates (BIT) Group Template data object encodes the configuration
- 739 information of the OCC data. The encoding of the BIT group template shall be as specified in Table 7
- of [SP800-76]. This data object shall be absent if OCC does not satisfy the PIV ACRs for command
- execution and data object access. When OCC satisfies the PIV ACRs for PIV data objects access and
- 742 command execution both the Discovery Object and the BIT Group Template data object shall be
- present, and bit 4 of the first byte of the PIN Usage Policy shall be set.

744 3.3.7 Secure Messaging Certificate Signer

- 745 The Secure Messaging Certificate Signer data object, which shall be present if the PIV Card supports
- secure messaging for non-card-management operations, contains the certificate(s) needed to verify
- the signature on the secure messaging card verifiable certificate (CVC), as specified in Part 2, Section
- 748 4.1.5.
- The public key required to verify the digital signature of the secure messaging CVC is an ECC key. It
- shall be provided in either an X.509 Certificate for Content Signing or an Intermediate CVC. If the
- 751 public key required to verify the digital signature of the secure messaging CVC is provided in an
- 752 Intermediate CVC, then the format of the Intermediate CVC shall be as specified in Part 2, Section
- 4.1.5, and the public key required to verify the digital signature of the Intermediate CVC shall be
- provided in an X.509 Certificate for Content Signing.
- 755 The X.509 Certificate for Content Signing shall be a digital signature certificate issued under the id-
- 756 fpki-common-piv-contentSigning policy of [COMMON]. The X.509 Certificate for Content Signing
- shall also include an extended key usage (*extKeyUsage*) extension asserting id-PIV-content-signing.
- 758 Additional descriptions for the PIV object identifiers are provided in Appendix B of FIPS 201-2. The

- 759 X.509 Certificate for Content Signing needed to verify the digital signature of a secure messaging
- CVC or Intermediate CVC of a valid PIV Card⁹ shall not be expired. 760
- 761 Note that the option to include an Intermediate CVC is included as a temporary measure to
- 762 accommodate the use of certification authorities that do not support the issuance of X.509 certificates
- 763 that contain elliptic curve subject public keys. It is expected that the Intermediate CVC data element
- 764 will be deprecated in a future version of SP 800-73.

765 3.3.8 **Pairing Code Reference Data Container**

- The Pairing Code Reference Data Container, which shall be present if the PIV Card supports the 766
- 767 virtual contact interface, includes a copy of the PIV Card's pairing code (see Section 5.1.3).

768 3.4 **Inclusion of Universally Unique IDentifiers (UUIDs)**

- 769 This specification provides support for two UUIDs on a PIV Card. The Card UUID is a UUID that is
- 770 unique for each card, and it shall be present on all PIV Cards. The Cardholder UUID is a UUID that
- 771 is a persistent identifier for the cardholder, and it is optional to implement. The requirements for
- these UUIDs are provided in the following subsections. 772

773 3.4.1 Card UUID

- FIPS 201 requires PIV Cards to include a Card UUID. The Card UUID shall be included on PIV 774
- 775 Cards as follows:
- 1. The value of the GUID data element of the CHUID data object shall be a 16-byte binary 776 777 representation of a valid UUID [RFC4122]. The UUID should be version 1, 4, or 5, as 778 specified in [RFC4122, Section 4.1.3].
- 779 2. The same 16-byte binary representation of the UUID value shall be present as the value of an 780 entryUUID attribute, as defined in [RFC4530], in any CMS-signed data object that is 781 required to contain a pivFASC-N attribute on a PIV Card, i.e., in the mandatory cardholder 782 fingerprint template and facial image data objects as well as in the optional cardholder iris images data object when present. 783
- 784 3. If the PIV Card supports secure messaging, then the same 16-byte binary representation of 785 the UUID value shall be used as the Subject Identifier in the secure messaging CVC, as 786 specified in Part 2, Section 4.1.5.
- 787 4. The string representation of the same UUID value shall be present in the X.509 Certificate for 788 PIV Authentication and the X.509 Certificate for Card Authentication, in the subjectAltName 789 extension encoded as a URI, as specified by [RFC4122, Section 3].

790 3.4.2 Cardholder UUID

791 As defined in Section 3.1.2, the CHUID may optionally include a Cardholder UUID. When present,

792 the Cardholder UUID shall be a 16-byte binary representation of a valid UUID, and it shall be version

793 1, 4, or 5, as specified in [RFC4122, Section 4.1.3].

⁹ A valid PIV Card is defined as a PIV Card that is neither expired nor revoked.

3.5 Data Object Containers and associated Access Rules and Interface Modes

Table 2 defines a high level view of the data model. Each on-card storage container is labeled either as Mandatory (M), Optional (O), or Conditional (C). The conditional data objects are digital signature key and key management key, which are mandatory if the cardholder has a government-issued email account at the time of credential issuance. This data model is designed to enable and support dual interface cards. For dual chip implementations, for any container that can be accessed over both the contact interface and the contactless interface (including the virtual contact interface) the data object shall be copied into the corresponding containers on both chips. Note that access conditions based on the interface mode (contact vs. contactless) take precedence over all Access Rules defined in Table 2, Column 3.

Table 2. Data Model Containers

| Container Name | Container ID | Access Rule for Read | Contact / Contactless ¹¹ | M/O/ C |
|---|-----------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------|
| Card Capability Container | 0xDB00 | Always | Contact | М |
| Card Holder Unique Identifier | 0x3000 | Always | Contact and Contactless | М |
| X.509 Certificate for PIV Authentication | 0x0101 | Always | Contact | М |
| Cardholder Fingerprints | 0x6010 | PIN | Contact | М |
| Security Object | 0x9000 | Always | Contact | М |
| Cardholder Facial Image | 0x6030 | PIN | Contact | М |
| X.509 Certificate for Card Authentication | 0x0500 | Always | Contact and Contactless | М |
| X.509 Certificate for Digital Signature | 0x0100 | Always | Contact | С |
| X.509 Certificate for Key Management | 0x0102 | Always | Contact | С |
| Printed Information | 0x3001 | PIN or OCC | Contact | 0 |
| Discovery Object | 0x6050 | Always | Contact and Contactless | 0 |
| Key History Object | 0x6060 | Always | Contact | 0 |
| Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Management 1 | 0x1001 | Always | Contact | 0 |
| Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Management 2 | 0x1002 | Always | Contact | 0 |
| Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Management 3 | 0x1003 | Always | Contact | 0 |
| Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Management 4 | 0x1004 | Always | Contact | 0 |
| Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Management 5 | 0x1005 | Always | Contact | 0 |
| Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Management 6 | 0x1006 | Always | Contact | 0 |
| Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Management 7 | 0x1007 | Always | Contact | 0 |
| Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Management 8 | 0x1008 | Always | Contact | 0 |
| Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Management 9 | 0x1009 | Always | Contact | 0 |
| Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Management 10 | 0x100A | Always | Contact | 0 |

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¹⁰ As a consequence of this requirement, any keys that have to be generated on card cannot be made available over the contactless interface (including the virtual contact interface) in a dual chip implementation.
¹¹ Contact interface mode means the container is accessible through contact and virtual contact interfaces only. Contact and

¹¹ Contact interface mode means the container is accessible through contact and virtual contact interfaces only. Contact and contactless interface mode means the container can be accessed from any interface. The term *virtual contact interface* is used in this document as a shorthand for a security condition in which secure messaging is used **AND** the security status indicator associated with the pairing code is TRUE.

| Container Name | Container ID | Access Rule for Read | Contact / Contactless ¹¹ | M/O/ C |
|---|-----------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------|
| Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Management 11 | 0x100B | Always | Contact | 0 |
| Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Management 12 | 0x100C | Always | Contact | 0 |
| Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Management 13 | 0x100D | Always | Contact | 0 |
| Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Management 14 | 0x100E | Always | Contact | 0 |
| Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Management 15 | 0x100F | Always | Contact | 0 |
| Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Management 16 | 0x1010 | Always | Contact | 0 |
| Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Management 17 | 0x1011 | Always | Contact | 0 |
| Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Management 18 | 0x1012 | Always | Contact | 0 |
| Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Management 19 | 0x1013 | Always | Contact | 0 |
| Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Management 20 | 0x1014 | Always | Contact | 0 |
| Cardholder Iris Images | 0x1015 | PIN | Contact | 0 |
| Biometric Information Templates Group Template | 0x1016 | Always | Contact and Contactless | 0 |
| Secure Messaging Certificate Signer | 0x1017 | Always | Contact and Contactless | 0 |
| Pairing Code Reference Data Container | 0x1018 | PIN or OCC | Contact | 0 |

Appendix A provides a detailed spreadsheet for the data model. ContainerIDs and tags within the containers for each data object are defined by this data model in accordance with SP 800-73-4 naming conventions.

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PIV Data Objects Representation 809 810 4.1 **Data Objects Definition** 811 A data object is an item of information seen on the card command interface for which is specified a 812 name, a description of logical content, a format, and a coding. Each data object has a globally unique 813 name called its *object identifier* (OID), as defined in ISO/IEC 8824-2:2002 [ISO8824]. 814 A data object whose data content is encoded as a BER-TLV data structure as in ISO/IEC 8825-1:2002 815 [ISO8825] is called a BER-TLV data object. 816 4.1.1 **Data Object Content** 817 The content of a data object is the sequence of bytes that are said to be contained in or to be the value 818 of the data object. The number of bytes in this byte sequence is referred to as the length of the data content and also as the size of the data object. The first byte in the sequence is regarded as being at 819 820 byte position or offset zero in the content of the data object. 821 The data content of a BER-TLV data object may consist of other BER-TLV data objects. In this case 822 the tag of the data object indicates that the data object is a constructed data object. A BER-TLV data 823 object that is not a constructed data object is called a primitive data object. 824 The PIV data objects are BER-TLV objects encoded as per [ISO8825], except that tag values of the PIV data object's inner tag assignments do not conform to BER-TLV requirements. 12 This is due to 825 826 the need to accommodate legacy tags inherited from [GSC-IS]. 827 Before the card is issued, data objects that are created but not used shall be set to zero-length value. 828 4.2 **OIDs and Tags of PIV Card Application Data Objects** 829 Table 3 lists the ASN.1 object identifiers and BER-TLV tags of the thirty-six PIV Card Application 830 data objects. For the purpose of constructing PIV Card Application data object names in the CardApplicationURL in the CCC of the PIV Card Application, the NIST RID ('A0 00 00 03 08') shall 831 832 be used and the card application type shall be set to '00'. 833 4.3 **Object Identifiers** 834 Each of the data objects in the PIV Card Application has been provided with a BER-TLV tag and an 835 ASN.1 OID from the NIST personal identity verification arc. These object identifier assignments are 836 given in Table 3. 837 A data object shall be identified on the PIV client-application programming interface using its OID. 838 An object identifier on the PIV client-application programming interface shall be a dot-delimited 839 string of the integer components of the OID. For example, the representation of the OID of the 840 CHUID on the PIV client-application programming interface is "2.16.840.1.101.3.7.2.48.0."

The exception does not apply to the BIT Group template, the Discovery Object or the Application Property Template (APT), since these objects use interindustry tags from ISO/IEC 7816-6.

- A data object shall be identified on the PIV Card Application card command interface using its BER-
- TLV tag. For example, the CHUID is identified on the card command interface to the PIV Card
- Application by the three-byte identifier '5FC102'.

Table 2 lists the ACRs of the thirty-six PIV Card Application data objects. See Table 4 in Section 5.1

and Table 6-3 in Special Publication 800-78 [SP800-78] for the key references and permitted

algorithms associated with these authenticable entities.

Table 3. Object Identifiers of the PIV Data Objects for Interoperable Use

| | · | | |
|---|----------------------------|----------------|-----------|
| Data Object for Interoperable Use | ASN.1 OID | BER-TLV Tag | M/O/ C |
| Card Capability Container | 2.16.840.1.101.3.7.1.219.0 | '5FC107' | М |
| Card Holder Unique Identifier | 2.16.840.1.101.3.7.2.48.0 | '5FC102' | М |
| X.509 Certificate for PIV Authentication | 2.16.840.1.101.3.7.2.1.1 | '5FC105' | М |
| Cardholder Fingerprints | 2.16.840.1.101.3.7.2.96.16 | '5FC103' | М |
| Security Object | 2.16.840.1.101.3.7.2.144.0 | '5FC106' | М |
| Cardholder Facial Image | 2.16.840.1.101.3.7.2.96.48 | '5FC108' | М |
| X.509 Certificate for Card Authentication | 2.16.840.1.101.3.7.2.5.0 | '5FC101' | М |
| X.509 Certificate for Digital Signature | 2.16.840.1.101.3.7.2.1.0 | '5FC10A' | С |
| X.509 Certificate for Key Management | 2.16.840.1.101.3.7.2.1.2 | '5FC10B' | С |
| Printed Information | 2.16.840.1.101.3.7.2.48.1 | '5FC109' | 0 |
| Discovery Object | 2.16.840.1.101.3.7.2.96.80 | '7E' | 0 |
| Key History Object | 2.16.840.1.101.3.7.2.96.96 | '5FC10C' | 0 |
| Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Management 1 | 2.16.840.1.101.3.7.2.16.1 | '5FC10D' | 0 |
| Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Management 2 | 2.16.840.1.101.3.7.2.16.2 | '5FC10E' | 0 |
| Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Management 3 | 2.16.840.1.101.3.7.2.16.3 | '5FC10F' | 0 |
| Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Management 4 | 2.16.840.1.101.3.7.2.16.4 | '5FC110' | 0 |
| Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Management 5 | 2.16.840.1.101.3.7.2.16.5 | '5FC111' | 0 |
| Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Management 6 | 2.16.840.1.101.3.7.2.16.6 | '5FC112' | 0 |
| Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Management 7 | 2.16.840.1.101.3.7.2.16.7 | '5FC113' | 0 |
| Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Management 8 | 2.16.840.1.101.3.7.2.16.8 | '5FC114' | 0 |
| Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Management 9 | 2.16.840.1.101.3.7.2.16.9 | '5FC115' | 0 |
| Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Management 10 | 2.16.840.1.101.3.7.2.16.10 | '5FC116' | 0 |
| Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Management 11 | 2.16.840.1.101.3.7.2.16.11 | '5FC117' | 0 |
| Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Management 12 | 2.16.840.1.101.3.7.2.16.12 | '5FC118' | 0 |
| Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Management 13 | 2.16.840.1.101.3.7.2.16.13 | '5FC119' | 0 |
| Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Management 14 | 2.16.840.1.101.3.7.2.16.14 | '5FC11A' | 0 |
| Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Management 15 | 2.16.840.1.101.3.7.2.16.15 | '5FC11B' | 0 |
| Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Management 16 | 2.16.840.1.101.3.7.2.16.16 | '5FC11C' | 0 |
| Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Management 17 | 2.16.840.1.101.3.7.2.16.17 | '5FC11D' | 0 |
| Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Management 18 | 2.16.840.1.101.3.7.2.16.18 | '5FC11E' | 0 |
| Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Management 19 | 2.16.840.1.101.3.7.2.16.19 | '5FC11F' | 0 |
| Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Management 20 | 2.16.840.1.101.3.7.2.16.20 | '5FC120' | 0 |
| Cardholder Iris Images | 2.16.840.1.101.3.7.2.16.21 | '5FC121' | 0 |
| Biometric Information Templates Group Template | 2.16.840.1.101.3.7.2.16.22 | '7F61' | 0 |
| Secure Messaging Certificate Signer | 2.16.840.1.101.3.7.2.16.23 | '5FC122' | 0 |
| Pairing Code Reference Data Container | 2.16.840.1.101.3.7.2.16.24 | '5FC123' | 0 |

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Data Types and Their Representation 5.

851 This section provides a description of the data types used in the PIV Client Application Programming 852

Interface (SP 800-73-4, Part 3) and PIV Card Command Interface (SP 800-73-4, Part 2). Unless

otherwise indicated, the representation shall be the same on both interfaces.

854 The data types are defined in Part 1, rather than in Parts 2 and 3 in order to achieve smart card

platform independence from Part 1. Thus, non-government smart card programs can readily adopt

the interface specifications in Parts 2 and 3 while customizing Part 1 to their own data model, data

types, and namespaces. 13 857

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Key References 5.1

A key reference is a one-byte reference data identifier that specifies a cryptographic key or PIN according to its PIV Key Type. Table 4 and SP 800-78, Table 6-1, define the key reference values that shall be used on the PIV interfaces. The key reference values are used, for example, in a cryptographic protocol such as an authentication or a signing protocol. Key references are only assigned to private and secret (symmetric) keys, PINs, PIN Unblocking Key (PUK), OCC, and the pairing code. All other PIV Card Application key reference values are reserved for future use.

Table 4. PIV Card Application Authentication and Key References

| Key Reference Value | PIV Reference Data Type | Authenticable Entity | Security Cor | ndition for Use | Retry Reset Value | Number of Unblocks |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------|--|----------------------|-----------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|
| | | | Contact | Contactless | | |
| '00' | Global PIN | Cardholder | Always | VCI | Platform Specific | Platform Specific |
| '80' | PIV Card Application PIN | Cardholder | Always | VCI | Issuer Specific | Issuer Specific |
| '81' | PIN Unblocking Key | PIV Card Application Administrator | Always | Never | Issuer Specific | Issuer Specific |
| '96' | Primary Finger OCC | Cardholder | Always | SM | Issuer Specific | Issuer Specific |
| '97' | Secondary Finger OCC | Cardholder | Always | SM | Issuer Specific | Issuer Specific |
| '98' | Pairing Code | Cardholder | Always ¹⁴ | SM | Issuer Specific | Issuer Specific |

¹³ A customized Part 1 data model exists in the PIV-Interoperable card (PIV-I card) specification as defined in [PIV-I NFI] and further clarified in [PIV-I FAQ]. The intent of [PIV-I NFI] is to enable issuers to issue cards that are technically interoperable with Federal PIV Card readers and their applications, and that may be trusted for particular purposes at the discretion of the relying Federal departments and agencies. PIV-I cards use the same namespace and data types as PIV Cards, however, the data model is slightly different since some of the ASN.1 OIDs that appear in PIV certificates are specific to PIV Cards and since non-Federal issuers do not have Agency Codes assigned to them, which means that they are unable to create unique FASC-N identifiers for the cards they issue. As a result, [PIV-I FAO] requires the first 14 digits of the FASC-Ns for PIV-I cards (the Agency Code, System Code, and Credential Number) to be populated with all nines. ¹⁴ The sole use of the pairing code is the establishment of a VCI. Its use over the contact interface serves no purpose.

| Key Reference Value | PIV Key Type | Administrator | Security Cor | ndition for Use |
|--|--|--|--------------------------------|--|
| | | | Contact | Contactless |
| '03' | PIV Secure Messaging Key | PIV Card Application Administrator | Always | Always |
| '9A' | PIV Authentication Key | PIV Card Application Administrator | PIN or OCC | VCI and (PIN or OCC) |
| '9B' | PIV Card Application Administration Key | PIV Card Application Administrator | Always | Never |
| '9C' | Digital Signature Key | PIV Card Application Administrator | PIN Always or OCC Always | VCI and (PIN Always or OCC Always) |
| '9D' | Key Management Key | PIV Card Application Administrator | PIN or OCC | VCI and (PIN or OCC) |
| '9E' | Card Authentication Key ¹⁵ | PIV Card Application Administrator | Always | Always |
| '82', '83', '84', '85', '86', '87', '88', '89', '8A', '8B', '8C', '8D', '8E', '8F', '90', '91', '92', '93', '94', '95' | Retired Key Management Key | PIV Card Application Administrator | PIN or OCC | VCI and (PIN or OCC) |

Secure Messaging (SM) is defined in Section 5.4 and VCI is defined in Section 5.5. Table 2 of Part 2 specifies the security conditions for each command.

specifies the security conditions for each command.When represented as a byte, the key reference occupies

When represented as a byte, the key reference occupies bits b8 and b5-b1, while b7 and b6 shall be set to 0. If b8 is 0 then the key reference names global reference data. If b8 is 1, then the key reference names application-specific reference data.

The access control rules for PIV data object access shall reference the PIV Card Application PIN and may optionally reference the cardholder Global PIN or OCC data. If the Global PIN is used by the PIV Card Application then the Global PIN format shall follow the PIV Card Application PIN format defined in Section 2.4.3 of Part 2.

PIV Card Applications with the Discovery Object, and the first byte of the PIN Usage Policy value set to 0x60, 0x68, 0x70, or 0x78 as per Section 3.3.2, shall reference the PIV Card Application PIN as well as the cardholder Global PIN in the access control rules for PIV data object access.

¹⁵ A card may optionally have a symmetric CAK in addition to the mandatory asymmetric CAK, in which case both keys would share the same key reference and access control rules.

- Additionally, the PIV Card Application card commands can change the status of the Global PIN, and
- may change its reference data while the PIV Card Application is the currently selected application.
- Note: The rest of the document uses "PIN" to mean either the PIV Card Application PIN or the
- 883 Global PIN.

884 **5.1.1 OCC Data**

- This document does not specify how the biometric reference data and comparison parameters are
- stored internally on the card. Moreover, the export of the biometric reference data shall not be
- allowed. Configuration data related to the biometric reference data may be read from the tag 0x7F61
- 888 BIT Group Template data object (see Section 3.3.6). Configuration data is defined in Table 7 of
- 889 [SP800-76].

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5.1.2 PIV Secure Messaging Key

- 891 If the PIV Card supports secure messaging, the PIV Secure Messaging key shall be generated on the
- 892 PIV Card and the PIV Card shall not permit exportation of the PIV Secure Messaging key. The
- 893 cryptographic operations that use the PIV Secure Messaging key shall be available through the
- contact and contactless interfaces of the PIV Card. The PKI cryptographic function (see Table 4) is
- under an "Always" access rule, and thus private key operations (i.e., use of the key to establish
- session keys for secure messaging) can be performed without access control restrictions.
- 897 The PIV Card shall store a corresponding secure messaging CVC to support validation of the public
- key by the relying party. The format for the secure messaging CVC shall be as specified in Part 2,
- 899 Section 4.1.5. The public key required to verify the digital signature of the secure messaging CVC
- shall be provided in a certificate in the Secure Messaging Certificate Signer data object, as specified
- 901 in Section 3.3.7.

5.1.3 Pairing Code

- 903 If the PIV Card supports the virtual contact interface then it shall implement support for the pairing
- 904 code. If implemented, the pairing code shall consist of eight decimal digits and it shall be generated at
- 905 random by the PIV Card Issuer. The results of each random pairing code generation shall be loaded
- onto at most one PIV Card and cannot be changed by the cardholder. The pairing code value for a
- 907 PIV Card shall be stored in the Pairing Code Reference Data Container (see Section 3.3.8) on the card
- and may be printed on the back of the card in an agency-specific text area (Zones 9B or 10B). PIV
- Card Issuers may choose to provide the pairing code value to the cardholder in another manner, such
- as printing it on a slip of paper, rather than printing it on the back of the card. ¹⁶
- Unlike the PIV Card Application PIN or the Global PIN, there are no restrictions on the caching of
- 912 the pairing code by client applications. It is recommended that a client application that needs to
- ommunicate with a PIV Card over its virtual contact interface obtain the card's pairing code during a
- registration step, either by asking the cardholder to enter the value or by reading it from the card over
- 915 the contact interface from the Pairing Code Reference Data Container, and then cache the pairing

¹⁶ While printing the value of the pairing code on the back of the card provides maximum convenience for use by the cardholder and avoids any risk that the cardholder will forget the pairing code, it may create a risk that an attacker could obtain the value of the pairing code by surreptitiously reading it from the back of the card. Departments and agencies will need to make a risk-based decision in determining the method by which they provide cardholders with the values of their pairing codes.

- ode until the card expires. The client application may then connect to the card and establish a virtual
- ontact interface with it whenever the card is within read-range of the client application's contactless
- 918 card reader without needing to prompt the cardholder.

5.2 PIV Algorithm Identifier

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- 920 A PIV algorithm identifier is a one-byte identifier of a cryptographic algorithm. The identifier
- 921 specifies a cryptographic algorithm and key size. For symmetric cryptographic operations, the
- algorithm identifier also specifies a mode of operation (i.e., ECB). SP 800-78, Table 6-2 lists the PIV
- algorithm identifiers for the cryptographic algorithms that may be recognized on the PIV interfaces.

5.3 Cryptographic Mechanism Identifiers

- 925 Cryptographic Mechanism Identifiers are defined in Table 5. These identifiers serve as inputs to the
- 926 GENERATE ASYMMETRIC KEY PAIR card command and the Part 3 pivGenerateKeyPair() client
- API function call, which initiates the generation and storage of the asymmetric key pair.

Table 5. Cryptographic Mechanism Identifiers

| Cryptographic Mechanism Identifier | Description | Parameter |
|--|------------------|---|
| '07' | RSA 2048 | Optional public exponent encoded big-endian |
| '11' | ECC: Curve P-256 | None |
| '14' | ECC: Curve P-384 | None |

All other cryptographic mechanism identifier values are reserved for future use.

5.4 Secure Messaging

- 931 A PIV Card Application may optionally support secure messaging (SM). When secure messaging is
- established, the PIV Card Application is authenticated to the relying system and a set of symmetric
- 933 session keys are established, which are used to provide confidentiality and integrity protection for the
- card commands that are sent to the card using secure messaging as well as for the responses from the
- 935 PIV Card.
- 936 If implemented, SM for non-card-management operations shall only be established using the PIV
- 937 Secure Messaging key specified in Table 4 and the SM protocol in accordance with the specifications
- 938 in Section 4 of Part 2.

5.5 Virtual Contact Interface

- 940 Once secure messaging has been established over the contactless interface, a VCI may be established
- by the presentation of the pairing code to the PIV Card using secure messaging. Any command sent
- to the card using secure messaging while the security status indicator associated with the pairing code
- 943 is TRUE is considered to be sent over the VCI. All non-card-management operations that are allowed
- over contact interface may be carried out over the VCI. Support for the VCI is optional.

5.6 Status Words

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A Status Word (SW) is a 2-byte value returned by a card command at the card edge. The first byte of a status word is referred to as SW1 and the second byte of a status word is referred to as SW2.

Recognized values of all SW1-SW2 pairs used as return values on the card command interface and their interpretation are given in Table 6. The descriptions of individual card commands provide additional information for interpreting returned status words.

Table 6. Status Words

| SW1 | SW2 | Meaning |
|------|------|--|
| '61' | 'xx' | Successful execution where SW2 encodes the number of response data bytes still available |
| '63' | '00' | Verification failed |
| '63' | 'CX' | Verification failed, X indicates the number of further allowed retries or resets |
| '68' | '82' | Secure messaging not supported |
| '69' | '82' | Security status not satisfied |
| '69' | '83' | Authentication method blocked |
| '69' | '87' | Expected secure messaging data objects are missing |
| '69' | '88' | Secure messaging data objects are incorrect |
| '6A' | '80' | Incorrect parameter in command data field |
| '6A' | '81' | Function not supported |
| '6A' | '82' | Data object or application not found |
| '6A' | '84' | Not enough memory |
| '6A' | '86' | Incorrect parameter in P1 or P2 |
| '6A' | '88' | Referenced data or reference data not found |
| '90' | '00' | Successful execution |

Appendix A—PIV Data Model

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The PIV data model number is 0x10, and the data model version number is 0x01.

The SP 800-73-4 specification does not provide mechanisms to read partial contents of a PIV data object. Individual access to the TLV elements within a container is not supported. For each container, compliant cards shall return all TLV elements of the container in the order listed in this appendix.

Both single-chip/dual-interface and dual-chip implementations are feasible. In the single-chip/dual-interface configuration, the PIV Card Application shall be provided the information regarding which interface is in use. In the dual-chip configuration, a separate PIV Card Application shall be loaded on each chip.

Table 7. PIV Data Containers

| Container Description | ContainerID | BER-TLV Tag | Container Minimum Capacity (Bytes) ¹⁷ | Access Rule for Read | Contact / Contactless ¹⁸ | M/O/ C |
|--|-------------|----------------|---|----------------------------|--|-----------|
| Card Capability Container | 0xDB00 | '5FC107' | 297 | Always | Contact | М |
| Card Holder Unique Identifier | 0x3000 | '5FC102' | 2916 | Always | Contact and Contactless | М |
| X.509 Certificate for PIV Authentication (Key Reference '9A') | 0x0101 | '5FC105' | 2005 | Always | Contact | М |
| Cardholder Fingerprints | 0x6010 | '5FC103' | 4006 | PIN | Contact | М |
| Security Object | 0x9000 | '5FC106' | 1337 | Always | Contact | М |
| Cardholder Facial Image | 0x6030 | '5FC108' | 12710 | PIN | Contact | М |
| X.509 Certificate for Card Authentication (Key Reference '9E') | 0x0500 | '5FC101' | 2005 | Always | Contact and Contactless | М |
| X.509 Certificate for Digital Signature (Key Reference '9C') | 0x0100 | '5FC10A' | 2005 | Always | Contact | С |
| X.509 Certificate for Key Management (Key Reference '9D') | 0x0102 | '5FC10B' | 2005 | Always | Contact | С |
| Printed Information | 0x3001 | '5FC109' | 190 | PIN or OCC | Contact | 0 |
| Discovery Object | 0x6050 | '7E' | 20 | Always | Contact and Contactless | 0 |
| Key History Object | 0x6060 | '5FC10C' | 128 | Always | Contact | 0 |

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¹⁷The values in this column denote the guaranteed minimum capacities, in bytes, of the on-card storage containers. Cards with larger containers may be produced and determined conformant.

¹⁸ Contact interface mode means the container is accessible through contact and virtual contact interfaces only. Contact and contactless interface mode means the container can be accessed from any interface.

| Container Description | ContainerID | BER-TLV Tag | Container Minimum Capacity (Bytes) ¹⁷ | Access Rule for Read | Contact / Contactless ¹⁸ | M/O/ C |
|--|-------------|----------------|---|----------------------------|--|-----------|
| Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Management 1 (Key reference '82') | 0x1001 | '5FC10D' | 2005 | Always | Contact | 0 |
| Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Management 2 (Key reference '83') | 0x1002 | '5FC10E' | 2005 | Always | Contact | 0 |
| Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Management 3 (Key reference '84') | 0x1003 | '5FC10F' | 2005 | Always | Contact | 0 |
| Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Management 4 (Key reference '85') | 0x1004 | '5FC110' | 2005 | Always | Contact | 0 |
| Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Management 5 (Key reference '86') | 0x1005 | '5FC111' | 2005 | Always | Contact | 0 |
| Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Management 6 (Key reference '87') | 0x1006 | '5FC112' | 2005 | Always | Contact | 0 |
| Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Management 7(Key reference '88') | 0x1007 | '5FC113' | 2005 | Always | Contact | 0 |
| Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Management 8(Key reference '89') | 0x1008 | '5FC114' | 2005 | Always | Contact | 0 |
| Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Management 9 (Key reference '8A') | 0x1009 | '5FC115' | 2005 | Always | Contact | 0 |
| Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Management 10 (Key reference '8B') | 0x100A | '5FC116' | 2005 | Always | Contact | 0 |
| Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Management 11 (Key reference '8C') | 0x100B | '5FC117' | 2005 | Always | Contact | 0 |
| Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Management 12 (Key reference '8D') | 0x100C | '5FC118' | 2005 | Always | Contact | 0 |
| Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Management 13 (Key reference '8E') | 0x100D | '5FC119' | 2005 | Always | Contact | 0 |
| Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Management 14 (Key reference '8F') | 0x100E | '5FC11A' | 2005 | Always | Contact | 0 |
| Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Management 15 (Key reference '90') | 0x100F | '5FC11B' | 2005 | Always | Contact | 0 |
| Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Management 16 (Key reference '91') | 0x1010 | '5FC11C' | 2005 | Always | Contact | 0 |

| Container Description | ContainerID | BER-TLV Tag | Container Minimum Capacity (Bytes) ¹⁷ | Access Rule for Read | Contact / Contactless ¹⁸ | M/O/ C |
|--|-------------|----------------|---|----------------------------|--|-----------|
| Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Management 17 (Key reference '92') | 0x1011 | '5FC11D' | 2005 | Always | Contact | 0 |
| Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Management 18 (Key reference '93') | 0x1012 | '5FC11E' | 2005 | Always | Contact | 0 |
| Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Management 19 (Key reference '94') | 0x1013 | '5FC11F' | 2005 | Always | Contact | 0 |
| Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Management 20 (Key reference '95') | 0x1014 | '5FC120' | 2005 | Always | Contact | 0 |
| Cardholder Iris Images | 0x1015 | '5FC121' | 7106 | PIN | Contact | 0 |
| Biometric Information Templates Group Template | 0x1016 | '7F61' | 65 | Always | Contact and Contactless | 0 |
| Secure Messaging Certificate Signer | 0x1017 | '5FC122' | 2471 | Always | Contact and Contactless | 0 |
| Pairing Code Reference Data Container | 0x1018 | '5FC123' | 12 | PIN or OCC | Contact | 0 |

966 Note that all data elements of the following data objects are mandatory unless specified as optional or 967 conditional.

Table 8. Card Capability Container

| Card Capability Container | | 0xDB00 | |
|---|------|----------|-------------|
| Data Element (TLV) | Tag | Туре | Max. Bytes* |
| Card Identifier | 0xF0 | Fixed | 0 or 21 |
| Capability Container version number | 0xF1 | Fixed | 0 or 1 |
| Capability Grammar version number | 0xF2 | Fixed | 0 or 1 |
| Applications CardURL | 0xF3 | Variable | 128 |
| PKCS#15 | 0xF4 | Fixed | 0 or 1 |
| Registered Data Model number | 0xF5 | Fixed | 1 |
| Access Control Rule Table | 0xF6 | Fixed | 0 or 17 |
| Card APDUs | 0xF7 | Fixed | 0 |
| Redirection Tag | 0xFA | Fixed | 0 |
| Capability Tuples (CTs) | 0xFB | Fixed | 0 |
| Status Tuples (STs) | 0xFC | Fixed | 0 |
| Next CCC | 0xFD | Fixed | 0 |
| Extended Application CardURL (Optional) | 0xE3 | Fixed | 48 |
| Security Object Buffer (Optional) | 0xB4 | Fixed | 48 |
| Error Detection Code | 0xFE | LRC | 0 |

969 Note: The optional Extended Application CardURL and Security Object Buffer data elements are deprecated and will be eliminated in a future version of SP 800-73.

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^{*} The values in the "Max. Bytes" columns denote the lengths of the value (V) fields of BER-TLV elements.

Table 9. Card Holder Unique Identifier

| Card Holder Unique Identifier | 0x3000 | | |
|--------------------------------------|--------|-----------------|-------------|
| Data Element (TLV) | Tag | Туре | Max. Bytes* |
| Buffer Length (Optional) | 0xEE | Fixed | 2 |
| FASC-N | 0x30 | Fixed | 25 |
| Organizational Identifier (Optional) | 0x32 | Fixed | 4 |
| DUNS (Optional) | 0x33 | Fixed | 9 |
| GUID | 0x34 | Fixed | 16 |
| Expiration Date | 0x35 | Date (YYYYMMDD) | 8 |
| Cardholder UUID (Optional) | 0x36 | Fixed | 16 |
| Issuer Asymmetric Signature | 0x3E | Variable | 2816** |
| Error Detection Code | 0xFE | LRC | 0 |

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Note: The optional Buffer Length, Organizational Identifier and DUNS data elements are deprecated and will be eliminated in a future version of SP 800-73.

975 The Error Detection Code is the same element as the Longitudinal Redundancy Code (LRC) in [TIG

SCEPACS]. Because TIG SCEPACS makes the LRC mandatory, it is present in the CHUID. However, this document makes no use of the Error Detection Code, and therefore the length of the TLV value is set to 0 bytes (i.e., no value will be supplied).

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Table 10. X.509 Certificate for PIV Authentication

| X.509 Certificate for PIV Authentication 0x0101 | | | | |
|---|------|----------|-------------|--|
| Data Element (TLV) | Tag | Туре | Max. Bytes* | |
| Certificate | 0x70 | Variable | 1856*** | |
| CertInfo | 0x71 | Fixed | 1 | |
| MSCUID (Optional) | 0x72 | Variable | 38 | |
| Error Detection Code | 0xFE | LRC | 0 | |

Note: The optional MSCUID data element is deprecated and will be eliminated in a future version of SP 800-73.

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Table 11. Cardholder Fingerprints

| Cardholder Fingerprints | | 0x6010 | |
|-------------------------|------|----------|-------------|
| Data Element (TLV) | Tag | Туре | Max. Bytes* |
| Fingerprint I & II | 0xBC | Variable | 4000**** |
| Error Detection Code | 0xFE | LRC | 0 |

The values in the "Max. Bytes" columns denote the lengths of the value (V) fields of BER-TLV elements.

Recommended length: The signer certificate may cause the "Max. Bytes" value in the Issuer Asymmetric Signature field to be exceeded.

^{****} Recommended length. Certificate size can exceed indicated length value.
***** Recommended length. The certificate that signed the Fingerprint I & II data element in the Cardholder Fingerprints data object can either be stored in the CHUID or in the Fingerprint I & II data element itself. If the latter, the "Max. Bytes" value quoted is a recommendation and the signer certificate in CBEFF_SIGNATURE_BLOCK can exceed the "Max. bytes."

Table 12. Security Object

| Security Object | | 0x9000 | |
|------------------------------|------|----------|-------------|
| Data Element (TLV) | Tag | Туре | Max. Bytes* |
| Mapping of DG to ContainerID | 0xBA | Variable | 30 |
| Security Object | 0xBB | Variable | 1298 |
| Error Detection Code | 0xFE | LRC | 0 |

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Table 13. Cardholder Facial Image

| Cardholder Facial Image | | 0x6030 | |
|-------------------------------|------|----------|-------------|
| Data Element (TLV) | Tag | Туре | Max. Bytes* |
| Image for Visual Verification | 0xBC | Variable | 12704***** |
| Error Detection Code | 0xFE | LRC | 0 |

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Table 14. Printed Information

| Printed Information | | 0x3001 | |
|--|------|--------------------|-------------|
| Data Element (TLV) | Tag | Туре | Max. Bytes* |
| Name | 0x01 | Text (ASCII) | 125 |
| Employee Affiliation | 0x02 | Text (ASCII) | 20 |
| Expiration date | 0x04 | Date (YYYYMMMDD) | 9 |
| Agency Card Serial Number | 0x05 | Text (ASCII) | 20 |
| Issuer Identification | 0x06 | Fixed Text (ASCII) | 15 |
| Organization Affiliation (Line 1) (Optional) | 0x07 | Text (ASCII) | 20 |
| Organization Affiliation (Line 2) (Optional) | 0x08 | Text (ASCII) | 20 |
| Error Detection Code | 0xFE | LRC | 0 |

987 988 In order to successfully match the printed information for verification on Zone 8F (Employee Affiliation) and Zone 10F (Agency, Department, or Organization) on the face of the card with the printed information stored electronically on the card, agencies should use tags 0x02, 0x07 and 0x08.

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Table 15. X.509 Certificate for Digital Signature

| X.509 Certificate for Digital Signature | | 0x0100 | |
|---|------|----------|-------------|
| Data Element (TLV) | Tag | Туре | Max. Bytes* |
| Certificate | 0x70 | Variable | 1856*** |
| CertInfo | 0x71 | Fixed | 1 |
| MSCUID (Optional) | 0x72 | Variable | 38 |
| Error Detection Code | 0xFE | LRC | 0 |

991 992 Note: The optional MSCUID data element is deprecated and will be eliminated in a future version of SP 800-73.

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^{*}The values in the "Max. Bytes" columns denote the lengths of the value (V) fields of BER-TLV elements.

^{******} Recommended length. The certificate that signed the Image for Visual Verification data element (tag 0xBC) can be stored in the CHUID or in the Image for Visual Verification data element itself. If the latter, the "Max. Bytes" value quoted is a recommendation and the signer certificate in CBEFF_SIGNATURE_BLOCK can exceed the "Max. bytes."

^{**} Recommended length. Certificate size can exceed indicated length value.

Table 16. X.509 Certificate for Key Management

| X.509 Certificate for Key Management | | 0x0102 | |
|--------------------------------------|------|----------|-------------|
| Data Element (TLV) | Tag | Туре | Max. Bytes* |
| Certificate | 0x70 | Variable | 1856*** |
| CertInfo | 0x71 | Fixed | 1 |
| MSCUID (Optional) | 0x72 | Variable | 38 |
| Error Detection Code | 0xFE | LRC | 0 |

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Note: The optional MSCUID data element is deprecated and will be eliminated in a future version of SP 800-73.

Table 17. X.509 Certificate for Card Authentication

| X.509 Certificate for Card Authentication | 1 | 0x0500 | |
|---|------|----------|-------------|
| Data Element (TLV) | Tag | Туре | Max. Bytes* |
| Certificate | 0x70 | Variable | 1856*** |
| CertInfo | 0x71 | Fixed | 1 |
| MSCUID (Optional) | 0x72 | Variable | 38 |
| Error Detection Code | 0xFE | LRC | 0 |

Note: The optional MSCUID data element is deprecated and will be eliminated in a future version of SP 800-73.

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Table 18. Discovery Object

| Discovery Object (Tag '7E') | | 0x6050 | |
|-----------------------------|--------|--------|-------------|
| Data Element (TLV) | Tag | Туре | Max. Bytes* |
| PIV Card Application AID | 0x4F | Fixed | 12 |
| PIN Usage Policy | 0x5F2F | Fixed | 2 |

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Table 19. Key History Object

| Key History Object | | 0x6060 | |
|--|------|----------|-------------|
| Data Element (TLV) | Tag | Туре | Max. Bytes* |
| keysWithOnCardCerts | 0xC1 | Fixed | 1 |
| keysWithOffCardCerts | 0xC2 | Fixed | 1 19 |
| offCardCertURL (Conditional) ²⁰ | 0xF3 | Variable | 118 |
| Error Detection Code | 0xFE | LRC | 0 |

^{*} The values in the "Max. Bytes" columns denote the lengths of the value (V) fields of BER-TLV elements.

Recommended length. Certificate size can exceed indicated length value.

¹⁹ The numeric values indicated in keysWithOnCardCerts and keysWithOffCardCerts are represented as unsigned binary

integers.

The offCardCertURL data element shall be present if keysWithOffCardCerts is greater than zero and shall be absent if both keysWithOnCardCerts and keysWithOffCardCerts are zero. The offCardCertURL may be present if keyWithOffCardCerts is zero but keysWithOnCardCerts is greater than zero.

Table 20. Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Management 1

| Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Manage | 0x1001 | | |
|--|--------|----------|-------------|
| Data Element (TLV) | Tag | Туре | Max. Bytes* |
| Certificate | 0x70 | Variable | 1856*** |
| CertInfo | 0x71 | Fixed | 1 |
| MSCUID (Optional) | 0x72 | Variable | 38 |
| Error Detection Code | 0xFE | LRC | 0 |

Note: The optional MSCUID data element is deprecated and will be eliminated in a future version of 1004 1005 SP 800-73.

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Table 21. Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Management 2

| Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Manage | ement 2 | 0x1002 | |
|--|---------|----------|-------------|
| Data Element (TLV) | Tag | Туре | Max. Bytes* |
| Certificate | 0x70 | Variable | 1856*** |
| CertInfo | 0x71 | Fixed | 1 |
| MSCUID (Optional) | 0x72 | Variable | 38 |
| Error Detection Code | 0xFE | LRC | 0 |

Note: The optional MSCUID data element is deprecated and will be eliminated in a future version of SP 800-73.

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Table 22. Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Management 3

| Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Managem | ent 3 | 0x1003 | |
|---|-------|----------|---------------------|
| Data Element (TLV) | Tag | Туре | Max. Bytes* |
| Certificate | 0x70 | Variable | 1856 ^{***} |
| CertInfo | 0x71 | Fixed | 1 |
| MSCUID (Optional) | 0x72 | Variable | 38 |
| Error Detection Code | 0xFE | LRC | 0 |

Note: The optional MSCUID data element is deprecated and will be eliminated in a future version of SP 800-73.

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Table 23. Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Management 4

| Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Mana | gement 4 | 0x1004 | |
|--|----------|----------|-------------|
| Data Element (TLV) | Tag | Туре | Max. Bytes* |
| Certificate | 0x70 | Variable | 1856*** |
| CertInfo | 0x71 | Fixed | 1 |
| MSCUID (Optional) | 0x72 | Variable | 38 |
| Error Detection Code | 0xFE | LRC | 0 |

1013 Note: The optional MSCUID data element is deprecated and will be eliminated in a future version of 1014 SP 800-73.

Table 24. Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Management 5

| Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Management 5 0x1005 | | | |
|---|------|----------|-------------|
| Data Element (TLV) | Tag | Туре | Max. Bytes* |
| Certificate | 0x70 | Variable | 1856*** |
| CertInfo | 0x71 | Fixed | 1 |
| MSCUID (Optional) | 0x72 | Variable | 38 |
| Error Detection Code | 0xFE | LRC | 0 |

Note: The optional MSCUID data element is deprecated and will be eliminated in a future version of SP 800-73.

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Table 25. Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Management 6

| Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Manageme | ent 6 | 0x1006 | |
|--|-------|----------|---------------------|
| Data Element (TLV) | Tag | Туре | Max. Bytes* |
| Certificate | 0x70 | Variable | 1856 ^{***} |
| CertInfo | 0x71 | Fixed | 1 |
| MSCUID (Optional) | 0x72 | Variable | 38 |
| Error Detection Code | 0xFE | LRC | 0 |

Note: The optional MSCUID data element is deprecated and will be eliminated in a future version of SP 800-73.

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Table 26. Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Management 7

| Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Manageme | ent 7 | 0x1007 | |
|--|-------|----------|-------------|
| Data Element (TLV) | Tag | Туре | Max. Bytes* |
| Certificate | 0x70 | Variable | 1856*** |
| CertInfo | 0x71 | Fixed | 1 |
| MSCUID (Optional) | 0x72 | Variable | 38 |
| Error Detection Code | 0xFE | LRC | 0 |

Note: The optional MSCUID data element is deprecated and will be eliminated in a future version of SP 800-73.

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Table 27. Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Management 8

| Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Mana | gement 8 | 0x1008 | |
|--|----------|----------|-------------|
| Data Element (TLV) | Tag | Туре | Max. Bytes* |
| Certificate | 0x70 | Variable | 1856*** |
| CertInfo | 0x71 | Fixed | 1 |
| MSCUID (Optional) | 0x72 | Variable | 38 |
| Error Detection Code | 0xFE | LRC | 0 |

Note: The optional MSCUID data element is deprecated and will be eliminated in a future version of SP 800-73.

Table 28. Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Management 9

| Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Mana | gement 9 | 0x1009 | |
|--|----------|----------|-------------|
| Data Element (TLV) | Tag | Туре | Max. Bytes* |
| Certificate | 0x70 | Variable | 1856*** |
| CertInfo | 0x71 | Fixed | 1 |
| MSCUID (Optional) | 0x72 | Variable | 38 |
| Error Detection Code | 0xFE | LRC | 0 |

Note: The optional MSCUID data element is deprecated and will be eliminated in a future version of 1028 1029 SP 800-73.

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Table 29. Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Management 10

| Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Management 10 | | 0x100A | |
|---|------|----------|-------------|
| Data Element (TLV) | Tag | Туре | Max. Bytes* |
| Certificate | 0x70 | Variable | 1856*** |
| CertInfo | 0x71 | Fixed | 1 |
| MSCUID (Optional) | 0x72 | Variable | 38 |
| Error Detection Code | 0xFE | LRC | 0 |

Note: The optional MSCUID data element is deprecated and will be eliminated in a future version of SP 800-73.

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Table 30. Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Management 11

| Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Managem | nent 11 | 0x100B | |
|---|---------|----------|-------------|
| Data Element (TLV) | Tag | Туре | Max. Bytes* |
| Certificate | 0x70 | Variable | 1856*** |
| CertInfo | 0x71 | Fixed | 1 |
| MSCUID (Optional) | 0x72 | Variable | 38 |
| Error Detection Code | 0xFE | LRC | 0 |

Note: The optional MSCUID data element is deprecated and will be eliminated in a future version of SP 800-73.

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Table 31. Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Management 12

| Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Mana | gement 12 | 0x100C | |
|--|-----------|----------|-------------|
| Data Element (TLV) | Tag | Туре | Max. Bytes* |
| Certificate | 0x70 | Variable | 1856*** |
| CertInfo | 0x71 | Fixed | 1 |
| MSCUID (Optional) | 0x72 | Variable | 38 |
| Error Detection Code | 0xFE | LRC | 0 |

1037 Note: The optional MSCUID data element is deprecated and will be eliminated in a future version of SP 800-73. 1038

Table 32. Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Management 13

| Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Management 13 0x100D | | | | |
|--|------|----------|-------------|--|
| Data Element (TLV) | Tag | Туре | Max. Bytes* | |
| Certificate | 0x70 | Variable | 1856*** | |
| CertInfo | 0x71 | Fixed | 1 | |
| MSCUID (Optional) | 0x72 | Variable | 38 | |
| Error Detection Code | 0xFE | LRC | 0 | |

Note: The optional MSCUID data element is deprecated and will be eliminated in a future version of 1040 1041 SP 800-73.

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Table 33. Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Management 14

| Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Manageme | ent 14 | 0x100E | |
|--|--------|----------|---------------------|
| Data Element (TLV) | Tag | Туре | Max. Bytes* |
| Certificate | 0x70 | Variable | 1856 ^{***} |
| CertInfo | 0x71 | Fixed | 1 |
| MSCUID (Optional) | 0x72 | Variable | 38 |
| Error Detection Code | 0xFE | LRC | 0 |

Note: The optional MSCUID data element is deprecated and will be eliminated in a future version of SP 800-73.

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Table 34. Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Management 15

| Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Managem | ent 15 | 0x100F | |
|---|--------|----------|-------------------------|
| Data Element (TLV) | Tag | Туре | Max. Bytes [*] |
| Certificate | 0x70 | Variable | 1856 ^{***} |
| CertInfo | 0x71 | Fixed | 1 |
| MSCUID (Optional) | 0x72 | Variable | 38 |
| Error Detection Code | 0xFE | LRC | 0 |

Note: The optional MSCUID data element is deprecated and will be eliminated in a future version of SP 800-73.

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Table 35. Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Management 16

| Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Mana | gement 16 | 0x1010 | |
|--|-----------|----------|-------------|
| Data Element (TLV) | Tag | Туре | Max. Bytes* |
| Certificate | 0x70 | Variable | 1856*** |
| CertInfo | 0x71 | Fixed | 1 |
| MSCUID (Optional) | 0x72 | Variable | 38 |
| Error Detection Code | 0xFE | LRC | 0 |

Note: The optional MSCUID data element is deprecated and will be eliminated in a future version of 1049 1050 SP 800-73.

Table 36. Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Management 17

| Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Management 17 0x1011 | | | | |
|--|------|----------|-------------|--|
| Data Element (TLV) | Tag | Туре | Max. Bytes* | |
| Certificate | 0x70 | Variable | 1856*** | |
| CertInfo | 0x71 | Fixed | 1 | |
| MSCUID (Optional) | 0x72 | Variable | 38 | |
| Error Detection Code | 0xFE | LRC | 0 | |

Note: The optional MSCUID data element is deprecated and will be eliminated in a future version of 1052 SP 800-73. 1053

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Table 37. Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Management 18

| Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Management 18 0x1012 | | | | |
|--|------|----------|-------------|--|
| Data Element (TLV) | Tag | Туре | Max. Bytes* | |
| Certificate | 0x70 | Variable | 1856*** | |
| CertInfo | 0x71 | Fixed | 1 | |
| MSCUID (Optional) | 0x72 | Variable | 38 | |
| Error Detection Code | 0xFE | LRC | 0 | |

Note: The optional MSCUID data element is deprecated and will be eliminated in a future version of SP 800-73.

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Table 38. Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Management 19

| Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Managem | ent 19 | 0x1013 | |
|---|--------|----------|---------------------|
| Data Element (TLV) | Tag | Туре | Max. Bytes* |
| Certificate | 0x70 | Variable | 1856 ^{***} |
| CertInfo | 0x71 | Fixed | 1 |
| MSCUID (Optional) | 0x72 | Variable | 38 |
| Error Detection Code | 0xFE | LRC | 0 |

Note: The optional MSCUID data element is deprecated and will be eliminated in a future version of SP 800-73.

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Table 39. Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Management 20

| Retired X.509 Certificate for Key Mana | gement 20 | 0x1014 | |
|--|-----------|----------|-------------|
| Data Element (TLV) | Tag | Туре | Max. Bytes* |
| Certificate | 0x70 | Variable | 1856*** |
| CertInfo | 0x71 | Fixed | 1 |
| MSCUID (Optional) | 0x72 | Variable | 38 |
| Error Detection Code | 0xFE | LRC | 0 |

1061 Note: The optional MSCUID data element is deprecated and will be eliminated in a future version of 1062 SP 800-73.

1063 The CertInfo byte in the certificate data objects identified in this appendix shall be encoded as 1064 follows:

| b8 | b7 | b6 | b5 | b4 | b3 | b2 | b 1 |
|------|------|------|------|------|--------|--------------------|--------------------|
| RFU8 | RFU7 | RFU6 | RFU5 | RFU4 | IsX509 | CompressionTypeLsb | CompressionTypeMsb |

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CompressionTypeMsb shall be 0 if the certificate is encoded in uncompressed form and 1 if the certificate is encoded using GZIP compression.²¹ CompressionTypeLsb and IsX509 shall be set to 0 for PIV Card Applications. Thus, for a certificate encoded in uncompressed form CertInfo shall be 0x00, and for a certificate encoded using GZIP compression CertInfo shall be 0x01.

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Table 40. Cardholder Iris Images

| Cardholder Iris Images | | 0x1015 | |
|------------------------|------|----------|-------------|
| Data Element (TLV) | Tag | Туре | Max. Bytes* |
| Images for Iris | 0xBC | Variable | 7100***** |
| Error Detection Code | 0xFE | LRC | 0 |

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Table 41. Biometric Information Templates Group Template

| BIT Group Template (Tag '7F61') | | 0x1016 | |
|----------------------------------|--------|----------|-------------|
| Data Element (TLV) | Tag | Туре | Max. Bytes* |
| Number of Fingers | 0x02 | Fixed | 1 |
| BIT for first Finger | 0x7F60 | Variable | 28 |
| BIT for second Finger (Optional) | 0x7F60 | Variable | 28 |

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Table 42. Secure Messaging Certificate Signer

| Secure Messaging Certificate Signer | | 0x1017 | |
|--|--------|----------|-------------|
| Data Element (TLV) | Tag | Туре | Max. Bytes* |
| X.509 Certificate for Content Signing | 0x70 | Variable | 1856 |
| CertInfo | 0x71 | Fixed | 1 |
| Intermediate CVC (Conditional) ²² | 0x7F21 | Variable | 601 |
| Error Detection Code | 0xFE | LRC | 0 |

1074 1075 1076 The CertInfo byte in the Secure Messaging Certificate Signer data object shall provide information about the X.509 Certificate for Content Signing. The Intermediate CVC, if present, shall be stored in uncompressed form.

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Table 43. Pairing Code Reference Data Container

| Pairing Code 0x1018 | | | |
|----------------------|------|--------------------|-------------|
| Data Element (TLV) | Tag | Туре | Max. Bytes* |
| Pairing Code | 0x99 | Fixed Text (ASCII) | 8 |
| Error Detection Code | 0xFE | LRC | 0 |

²¹ GZIP formats are specified in RFC 1951 and RFC 1952.

^{*******} Recommended length. The certificate that signed the Images for Iris data element (tag 0xBC) can be stored in the CHUID or in the Images for Iris data element itself. If the latter, the "Max. Bytes" value quoted is a recommendation and the signer certificate in CBEFF_SIGNATURE_BLOCK can exceed the "Max. bytes."

The Intermediate CVC shall be absent if the X.509 Certificate for Content Signing contains the public key needed to

verify the signature on the secure messaging CVC and shall be present otherwise.

1079 PIV Authentication Mechanisms 1080 Appendix B-1081 To provide guidelines on the usage and behavior supported by the PIV Card, PIV authentication 1082 mechanisms and application scenarios are described in this section. FIPS 201 describes PIV 1083 authentication as "the process of establishing confidence in the identity of the cardholder presenting a 1084 PIV Card." The fundamental goal of using the PIV Card is to authenticate the identity of the 1085 cardholder to a system or person that is controlling access to a protected resource or facility. This end goal may be reached by various combinations of one or more of the validation steps described below: 1086 1087 Card Validation (CardV) — This is the process of verifying that a PIV Card is authentic (i.e., not a counterfeit card). Card validation mechanisms include: 1088 1089 visual inspection of the tamper-proofing and tamper-resistant features of the PIV Card as per 1090 Section 4.1.2 of FIPS 201; 1091 use of cryptographic challenge-response schemes with symmetric keys; and 1092 use of asymmetric authentication schemes to validate private keys embedded within the PIV 1093 Card. 1094 Credential Validation (CredV) — This is the process of verifying the various types of credentials 1095 (such as visual credentials, CHUID, biometrics, and certificates) held by the PIV Card. Credential 1096 validation mechanisms include: 1097 visual inspection of PIV Card visual elements (such as the photo, the printed name, and rank, 1098 if present); 1099 verification of certificates on the PIV Card; 1100 verification of signatures on the PIV biometrics and the CHUID; 1101 checking the expiration date; and 1102 checking the revocation status of the credentials on the PIV Card. 1103 Cardholder Validation (HolderV) — This is the process of establishing that the PIV Card is in the 1104 possession of the individual to whom the card has been issued. Classically, identity authentication is achieved using one or more of these factors: a) something you have, b) something you know, and c) 1105 something you are. The assurance of the authentication process increases with the number of factors 1106 1107 used. In the case of the PIV Card, these three factors translate as follows: a) something you have – 1108 possession of a PIV Card, b) something you know – knowledge of the PIN, and c) something you are - the visual characteristics of the cardholder, and the live fingerprint or iris image samples provided 1109 1110 by the cardholder. Thus, mechanisms for PIV cardholder validation include: 1111 presentation of a PIV Card by the cardholder; 1112 matching the visual characteristics of the cardholder with the photo on the PIV Card; 1113 matching the PIN provided with the PIN on the PIV Card; and

| 1114 1115 | + | matching the live fingerprint samples provided by the cardholder with the biometric information embedded within the PIV Card. |
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| 1116 | B.1 | Authentication Mechanism Diagrams |
| 1117 1118 1119 1120 1121 1122 | authen authen its syst mecha | ection describes the activities and interactions involved in interoperable usage and tication of the PIV Card. The authentication mechanisms represent how a relying party will ticate the cardholder (regardless of which agency issued the card) in order to provide access to tems or facilities. These activities and interactions are represented in functional authentication nism diagrams. These diagrams are not intended to provide syntactical commands or API on names. |
| 1123 1124 1125 1126 | one or illustra | of the PIV authentication mechanisms described in this section can be broken into a sequence of more validation steps where Card, Credential, and Cardholder validation is performed. In the ations, the validation steps are marked as CardV, CredV, and HolderV to signify Card, and Cardholder validation respectively. |
| 1127 1128 1129 | authen | ding on the assurance provided by the actual sequence of validation steps in a given PIV tication mechanism, relying parties can make appropriate decisions for granting access to ted resources based on a risk analysis. |
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B.1.1 Authentication Using PIV Biometrics (BIO)

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1133 The general authentication mechanism using the PIV biometrics is illustrated in Figure B-1.

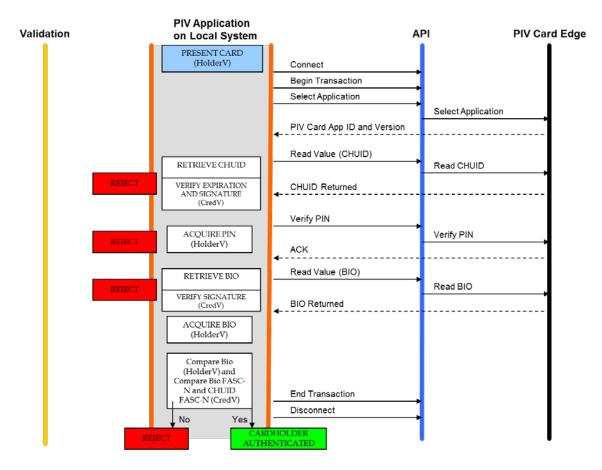


Figure B-1. Authentication using PIV Biometrics (BIO)

The assurance of authentication using the PIV biometric can be further increased if the live biometric sample is collected in an attended environment, with a human overseeing the process. The attended biometric authentication mechanism (BIO-A) is illustrated in Figure B-2.

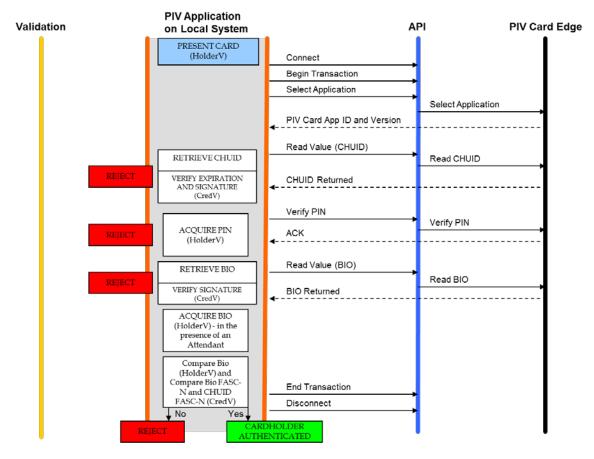


Figure B-2. Authentication using PIV Biometrics Attended (BIO-A)

B.1.2 Authentication Using PIV Authentication Key

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The authentication mechanism using the PIV Authentication key is illustrated in Figure B-3.

PIV Application Validation API **PIV Card Edge** on Local System PRESENT CARD (HolderV) Connect Begin Transaction Select Application Select Application PIV Card App ID and Version Read Value (PIV Auth Certificate) RETRIEVE PIV AUTH CERTIFICATE Read PIV Auth Certificate VALIDATE CERTIFICATE PIV Auth Certificate Returned Revocation Signature, Expiration and Revocation) (CredV) REJECT RETRIEVE Algorithm ID and Key Size for Signature Request Verify PIN or OCC Verify PIN or OCC ACQUIRE PIN or Data OCC Data (HolderV) ACK Request Card Signature Sign Nonce VERIFY SIGNED DATA - card Signed Nonce Returned possesses private key (CardV) End Transaction Disconnect AUTHENTICATED

Figure B-3. Authentication using PIV Authentication Key

B.1.3 Authentication Using Card Authentication Key

- Authentication mechanisms using the Card Authentication key are illustrated in Figures B-4 and B-5.
- Figure B-4 illustrates the use of the mandatory asymmetric Card Authentication key, while Figure B-
- 1154 5 uses the optional symmetric Card Authentication key for the authentication mechanism.

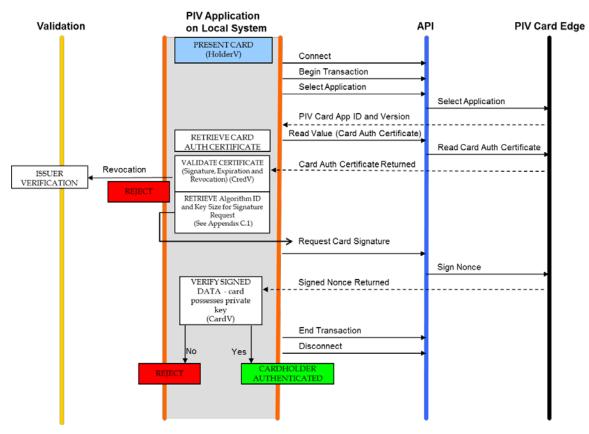


Figure B-4. Authentication using an asymmetric Card Authentication Key

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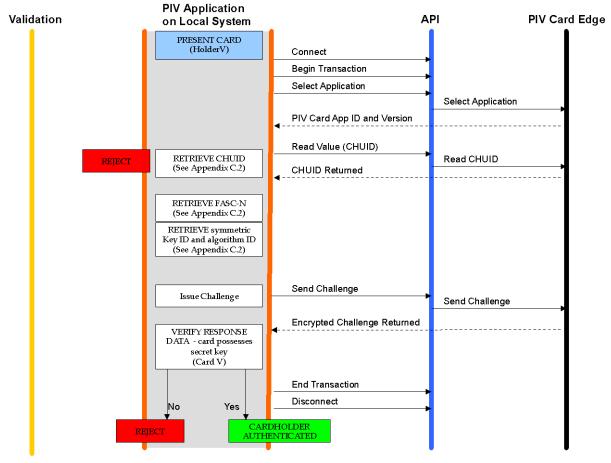


Figure B-5. Authentication using a symmetric Card Authentication Key

B.1.4 Authentication Using OCC (OCC-AUTH)

The OCC-AUTH authentication mechanism is implemented by performing on-card biometric comparison (OCC) over secure messaging. The PIV Application authenticates the PIV Card as part of the process of establishing secure messaging. When the live-scan biometric is supplied to the card for OCC over secure messaging, both the request and the response are protected using message authentication codes (MAC), allowing the PIV Application on the local system to verify that the response has not been altered and that it was created by the PIV Card that was authenticated during the establishment of secure messaging.

The OCC-AUTH authentication mechanism is performed by establishing secure messaging as described in Section 4 of Part 2 and then performing the VERIFY command, as illustrated in Figure B-6.

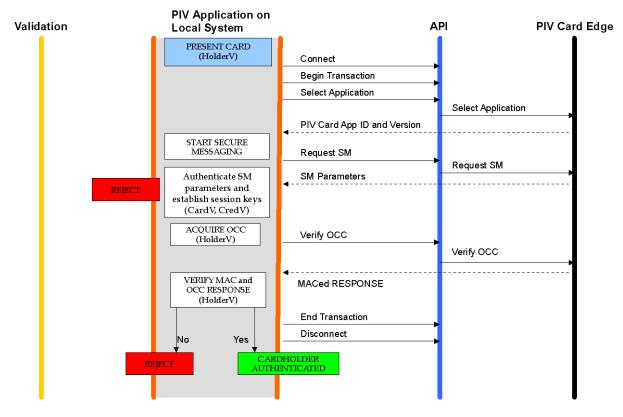


Figure B-6. Authentication using OCC

B.1.5 Authentication Using PIV Visual Credentials

This is the authentication mechanism where a human guard authenticates the cardholder using the visual credentials held by the PIV Card, and is illustrated in Figure B-7.

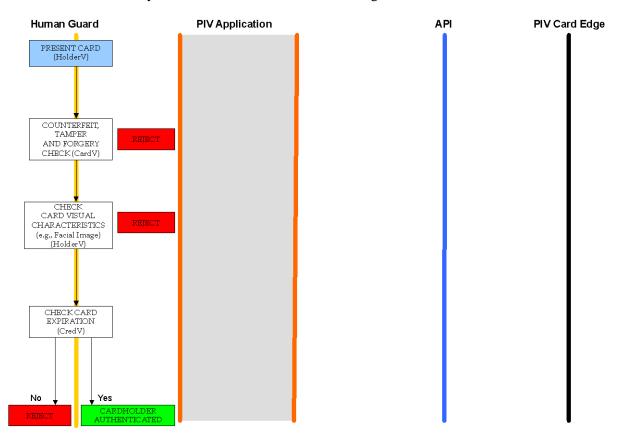


Figure B-7. Authentication using PIV Visual Credentials

B.1.6 Authentication Using PIV CHUID

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The PIV CHUID may be used for authentication in several variations. The use of the PIV Card to implement the CHUID authentication mechanism is illustrated in Figure B-8. The minimum set of data that must be transmitted from the PIV Application on the Local System to the host is application dependent and therefore not defined in this Specification.

PIV Application Validation API PIV Card Edge on Local System PRESENT CARD (HolderV) Connect Begin Transaction Select Application Select Application PIV Card App ID and Version Read Value CHUID RETRIEVE CHUID Read CHUID VALIDATE CHUID Returned EXPIRATION (CredV) VERIFY SIGNATURE (CredV) End Transaction Disconnect Yes No CARDHOLDER IDENTIFIER REJECT

Figure B-8. Authentication using PIV CHUID

B.2 Summary Table

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The following table summarizes the types of validation activities that are included in each of the PIV authentication mechanisms described earlier in this section.

Table 44. Summary of PIV Authentication Mechanisms

| PIV Authentication Mechanism | Card Validation Steps (CardV) | Credential Validation Steps (CredV) | Cardholder Validation Steps (HolderV) |
|---------------------------------------|--|---|---|
| PIV Biometric | | Expiration check CHUID signature check PIV Bio signature check Match CHUID FASC-N with PIV Bio FASC-N | Possession of Card Match PIN provided by Cardholder Match Cardholder bio with PIV bio |
| PIV Biometric (Attended) | | Expiration check CHUID signature check PIV Bio signature check Match CHUID FASC-N with PIV Bio FASC-N | Possession of Card Match PIN provided by Cardholder Match of Cardholder bio to PIV bio in view of attendant |
| PIV Authentication Key | Perform challenge and response with a PIV asymmetric key, and validate signature on response | Certificate validation of a PIV certificate | Possession of Card Match PIN or OCC data provided by Cardholder |
| Asymmetric Card Authentication Key | Perform challenge and response with a PIV asymmetric Card Authentication key, and validate signature on response | Certificate validation of a PIV certificate | Possession of Card |
| Symmetric Card Authentication Key | Perform challenge and response with a PIV symmetric key | | Possession of Card |
| On-card Biometric Comparison | Establish Secure Messaging | Certificate validation of a PIV certificate | Possession of Card Match OCC data provided by Cardholder |
| PIV Visual Authentication | Counterfeit, tamper, and forgery check | Expiration check | Possession of Card Match of card visual characteristics with cardholder |
| PIV CHUID | | Expiration check CHUID signature check | Possession of Card |

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| 1203 | Appendix C—PIV Algorithm Identifier Discovery |
| 1204 1205 1206 1207 1208 | Relying parties interact with many PIV Cards with the same native key type implemented by different key sizes and algorithms. For example, a relying party performing the authentication mechanism described in Appendix B.1.2 (Authentication using the PIV Authentication key) can expect to perform a challenge and response cryptographic authentication with a 2048-bit RSA key or an ECDSA (Curve P-256) key. |
| 1209 1210 1211 1212 1213 | This appendix describes recommended procedures for key size and algorithm discovery (PIV algorithm ID discovery) to facilitate cryptographic authentication initiated by the relying party to make appropriate decisions for granting access to logical networks and systems as well as physical access control systems. The discovery procedure is defined in terms of asymmetric and symmetric cryptographic authentication. |
| 1214 1215 | C.1 PIV Algorithm Identifier Discovery for Asymmetric Cryptographic Authentication |
| 1216 1217 1218 1219 1220 1221 1222 1223 1224 1225 1226 | As illustrated in the authentication mechanisms in Appendix B, an asymmetric cryptographic authentication involves issuing a challenge (request to sign a nonce) to the PIV Card. The relying party issuing the command provides the nonce to be signed, the key reference, and the PIV algorithm identifier as parameters of the command. The nonce is random data generated by the relying party and the key reference is known. The PIV algorithm identifier, on the other hand, is unknown to the relying party and needs to be identified in order to issue the challenge command. The PIV algorithm identifier can be derived from the previous steps of the authentication mechanism. The relying party, prior to issuing the challenge command, retrieved and parsed the X.509 certificate from the card in order to 1) validate the certificate and 2) extract the public key for the pending verification of the signed nonce once returned from the card. It is during the parsing of the X.509 certificate that the PIV algorithm identifier can be identified in two steps: ²⁴ |
| 1227 1228 1229 1230 | Step 1: Algorithm Type Discovery: The X.509 certificate stores the public key in the subjectPublicKeyInfo field. The subjectPublicKeyInfo data structure has an algorithm field, which includes an OID that identifies the public key's algorithm (RSA or ECC) as listed in Table 3-4 of SP 800-78. |
| 1231 1232 1233 1234 | Step 2: Key Size Discovery: If the algorithm type, as determined in Step 1, is ECC then the key size is determined by the elliptic curve on which the key has been generated, which is P-256 for all elliptic curve PIV Authentication keys and Card Authentication keys. |
| 1235 1236 1237 1238 | If the algorithm type, as determined in Step 1, is RSA then the key size is determined by the public key's modulus. The public key appears in the subjectPublicKey field of subjectPublicKeyInfo and is encoded as a sequence that includes both the key's modulus and public exponent. |

Table 3-1, SP 800-78 lists the various algorithms and key sizes that may be used for each PIV key type.

24 The PIV algorithm identifiers specify both the key size and the algorithm for the key references. Thus both values have to be discovered in order to derive the PIV algorithm identifier.

| 1239 1240 1241 | As a final step, the discovered X.509 algorithm OID and key size are mapped to the PIV algorithm identifiers as defined in Table 6-2 of SP 800-78. The relying party then proceeds to issue the GENERAL AUTHENTICATE command to the card. | | |
|--|---|--|--|
| 1242 | C.2 PIV Algorithm Identifier Discovery for Symmetric Cryptographic Authentication | | |
| 1243 1244 1245 1246 1247 | In the absence of an X.509 certificate, as is the case with symmetric cryptography, the PIV algorithm identifier discovery mechanism has to rely on a lookup table residing at the local system. The table maps a unique card identifier and key reference (inputs) to an associated PIV algorithm identifier (output). The unique identifier supplied by the card may be the Agency Code \parallel System Code \parallel Credential Number of the FASC-N or the Card UUID. | | |
| 1248 1249 1250 | The symmetric Card Authentication key is optional to implement and a relying party has no prior knowledge of the key's existence. The following routine discovers the Card Authentication key's native implementation: | | |
| 1251 1252 | + Read the CHUID and either extract the Card UUID or extract the Agency Code System code Credential Number from the CHUID's FASC-N. | | |
| 1253 1254 1255 1256 | + Retrieve the PIV algorithm identifier from the local lookup table. If no algorithm identifier is returned, authentication cannot be performed using the optional symmetric Card Authentication key either because the PIV Card does not implement the key or the local system cannot authenticate the response from the card. | | |
| 1257 | C.3 PIV Algorithm Identifier Discovery for Secure Messaging | | |
| 1258 1259 1260 1261 1262 1263 | The Application Property Template, which is included in the response to the SELECT command, optionally includes a tag 0xAC, which indicates what cryptographic algorithms the PIV Card Application supports. The presence of algorithm identifier '27' or '2E' indicates that the corresponding cipher suite is supported by the PIV Card Application for secure messaging and that the PIV Card Application possesses a PIV Secure Messaging key of the appropriate size for the specified cipher suite. | | |
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| 1266 | Appendix D—Terr | ms, Acronyms, and Notation |
| 1267 | D.1 Terms | |
| 1268 1269 1270 1271 | Algorithm Identifier | A PIV algorithm identifier is a one-byte identifier that specifies a cryptographic algorithm and key size. For symmetric cryptographic operations, the algorithm identifier also specifies a mode of operation (i.e., ECB). |
| 1272 1273 | Application Identifier | A globally unique identifier of a card application as defined in ISO/IEC 7816-4. |
| 1274 1275 | Application Session | The period of time within a card session between when a card application is selected and a different card application is selected or the card session ends. |
| 1276 1277 | Authenticable Entity | An entity that can successfully participate in an authentication protocol with a card application. |
| 1278 | BER-TLV Data Object | A data object coded according to ISO/IEC 8825-2. |
| 1279 1280 | Card | An integrated circuit card. |
| 1280 1281 1282 | Card Application | A set of data objects and card commands that can be selected using an application identifier. |
| 1283 1284 | Client Application | A program running on a computer in communication with a card interface device. |
| 1285 1286 | Card Management Operation | Any operation involving the PIV Card Application Administrator. |
| 1287 1288 1289 | Card Verifiable Certificate | A certificate stored on the card that includes a public key, the signature of a certification authority, and further information needed to verify the certificate. |
| 1290 1291 | Data Object | An item of information seen at the card command interface for which is specified a name, a description of logical content, a format, and a coding. |
| 1292 1293 1294 1295 | Key Reference | A key reference is a one-byte identifier that specifies a cryptographic key according to its PIV Key Type. The identifier is part of the cryptographic material used in a cryptographic protocol, such as an authentication or a signing protocol. |
| 1296 1297 | MSCUID | An optional legacy identifier included for compatibility with Common Access Card and Government Smart Card Interoperability Specifications. |
| 1298 | Object Identifier | A globally unique identifier of a data object as defined in ISO/IEC 8824-2. |

| 1299 1300 1301 | Paring Code | An 8 digit code used to establish a relationship between the PIV Card and a device for the purpose of creating the virtual contact interface after secure messaging has been established. |
|--|---|--|
| 1302 1303 1304 1305 | PIV Key Type | The type of a key. The PIV Key Types are 1) PIV Authentication key, 2) Card Authentication key, 3) digital signature key, 4) key management key, 5) retired key management key, 6) PIV Secure Messaging key, and 7) PIV Card Application Administration key. |
| 1306 1307 | Relying Party | An entity that relies upon the subscriber's credentials, typically to process a transaction or grant access to information or a system. |
| 1308 1309 1310 | Status Word | Two bytes returned by an integrated circuit card after processing any command that signify the success of or errors encountered during said processing. |
| 1311 | D.2 Acroi | nyms |
| 1312 1313 1314 1315 1316 1317 | ACR AID APDU API ASCII ASN.1 | Access Control Rule Application Identifier Application Protocol Data Unit Application Programming Interface American Standard Code for Information Interchange Abstract Syntax Notation One |
| 1318 1319 | BER BIT | Basic Encoding Rules Biometric Information Template |
| 1320 1321 1322 1323 1324 1325 | CAK CBEFF CCC CHUID CMS CVC | Card Authentication Key Common Biometric Exchange Formats Framework Card Capability Container Card Holder Unique Identifier Cryptographic Message Syntax Card Verifiable Certificate |
| 1326 1327 1328 | DER DG DTR | Distinguished Encoding Rules Data Group Derived Test Requirement |
| 1329 1330 1331 1332 | ECB ECC ECDH ECDSA | Electronic Code Book Elliptic Curve Cryptography Elliptic Curve Diffie-Hellman Elliptic Curve Digital Signature Algorithm |
| 1333 1334 1335 | FASC-N FIPS FISMA | Federal Agency Smart Credential Number Federal Information Processing Standards Federal Information Security Management Act |
| 1336 1337 1338 | GSC-IAB GSC-IS GUID | Government Smart Card Interagency Advisory Board Government Smart Card Interoperability Specification Global Unique Identification number |

| 1339 | HSPD | Homeland Security Presidential Directive |
|--|--|---|
| 1340 | HTTP | Hypertext Transfer Protocol |
| 1341 1342 1343 1344 1345 | ICC IEC INCITS ISO ITL | Integrated Circuit Card International Electrotechnical Commission InterNational Committee for Information Technology Standards International Organization for Standardization Information Technology Laboratory |
| 1346 | LSB | Least Significant Bit |
| 1347 | LRC | Longitudinal Redundancy Code |
| 1348 | MAC | Message Authentication Code |
| 1349 | MRTD | Machine Readable Travel Document |
| 1350 | MSB | Most Significant Bit |
| 1351 | NIST | National Institute of Standards and Technology |
| 1352 | NPIVP | NIST Personal Identity Verification Program |
| 1353 1354 1355 | OCC OID OMB | On-Card biometric Comparison Object Identifier Office of Management and Budget |
| 1356 1357 1358 1359 1360 1361 1362 1363 | PACS PIN PI PIV PIX PKCS PKI PUK | Physical Access Control System Personal Identification Number Person Identifier, a field in the FASC-N Personal Identity Verification Proprietary Identifier Extension Public-Key Cryptography Standards Public Key Infrastructure PIN Unblocking Key |
| 1364 | RFU | Reserved for Future Use |
| 1365 | RID | Registered application provider IDentifier |
| 1366 | RSA | Rivest, Shamir, Adleman |
| 1367 1368 1369 1370 1371 1372 | SCEPACS SHA SP SM SW1 SW2 | Smart Card Enabled Physical Access Control System Secure Hash Algorithm Special Publication Secure Messaging First byte of a two-byte status word Second byte of a two-byte status word |
| 1373 1374 | TIG TLV | Technical Implementation Guidance Tag-Length-Value |
| 1375 | URI | Uniform Resource Identifier |
| 1376 | URL | Uniform Resource Locator |
| 1377 | UUID | Universally Unique Identifier |
| 1378 | VCI | Virtual Contact Interface |

| 1379 | D.3 Notation |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| 1380 1381 1382 1383 1384 | The sixteen hexadecimal digits shall be denoted using the alphanumeric characters 0, 1, 2,, 9, A, B, C, D, E, and F. A byte consists of two hexadecimal digits, for example, '2D'. The two hexadecimal digits are represented in quotations '2D' or as 0x2D. A sequence of bytes may be enclosed in single quotation marks, for example 'A0 00 00 01 16', rather than given as a sequence of individual bytes, 'A0' '00' '01' '16'. |
| 1385 1386 1387 | A byte can also be represented by bits b8 to b1, where b8 is the most significant bit (MSB) and b1 is the least significant bit (LSB) of the byte. In textual or graphic representations, the leftmost bit is the MSB. Thus, for example, the most significant bit, b8, of '80' is 1 and the least significant bit, b1, is 0. |
| 1388 | All bytes specified as RFU shall be set to '00' and all bits specified as RFU shall be set to 0. |
| 1389 | All lengths shall be measured in number of bytes unless otherwise noted. |
| 1390 | The expression 'X' & 'Y' is a bitwise AND operation between bytes 'X' and 'Y'. |
| 1391 1392 | The symbol \parallel means concatenation of byte strings. For example, if X is '00 01 02' and Y is '03 04 05', then X \parallel Y is '00 01 02 03 04 05'. |
| 1393 1394 1395 1396 | Data objects in templates are described as being mandatory (M), optional (O), or conditional (C). 'Mandatory' means the data object shall appear in the template. 'Optional' means the data object may appear in the template. In the case of 'Conditional' data objects, the conditions under which they are required are provided. |
| 1397 1398 | In other tables the M/O/C column identifies properties of the PIV Card Application that shall be present (M), may be present (O), or are conditionally required to be present (C). |
| 1399 1400 1401 | BER-TLV data object tags are represented as byte sequences as described above. Thus, for example, 0x4F is the interindustry data object tag for an application identifier and 0x7F61 is the interindustry data object tag for the Biometric Information Templates Group Template. |

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|------------------------------|--|
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| 1440 1441 | [RFC5652] IETF RFC 5652, "Cryptographic Message Syntax (CMS)," September 2009. (See http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc5652.txt) |
| 1442 1443 | [SP800-76] NIST Special Publication 800-76-2, <i>Biometric Specifications for Personal Identity Verification</i> , July 2013. (See http://csrc.nist.gov) |
| 1444 1445 | [SP800-78] Revised Draft NIST Special Publication 800-78-4, <i>Cryptographic Algorithms and Key Sizes for Personal Identity Verification</i> . (See http://csrc.nist.gov) |
| 1446 1447 | [SP800-87] NIST Special Publication 800-87 Revision 1, <i>Codes for Identification of Federal and Federally-Assisted Organizations</i> , April 2008. (See http://csrc.nist.gov) |
| 1448 1449 1450 1451 | [TIG SCEPACS] PACS v2.2, <i>Technical Implementation Guidance: Smart Card Enabled Physical Access Control Systems</i> , Version 2.2, The Government Smart Card Interagency Advisory Board's Physical Access Interagency Interoperability Working Group, July 30, 2004. (See https://www.idmanagement.gov/sites/default/files/documents/TIG_SCEPACS_v2.2_0.pdf) |